Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' report

Shree Krishna Agency Limited

31 March 2024

# B. Chhawchharia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

8A & 8B, Satyam Towers 3, Alipore Road, Kolkata - 700 027, India

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# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Members of SHREE KRISHNA AGENCY LIMITED Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

# Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of SHREE KRISHNA AGENCY LIMITED ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS"), of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, its profit including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

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SL No.	Key Audit Matters	Auditor's Response
1	Unrealised Gain of Rs. 10,522 lakhs	Our audit procedures, included, but were not
	recognised in Other Comprehensive	limited to, the following:
	Income	Obtained a detailed understanding of the
	As at 31 March 2024, the Company has	management's process and controls for
	recognised unrealised gain of Rs. 10,522 lakhs on fair valuation of unquoted equity investments.	determining the fair valuation of investments in unquoted equity shares. The understanding was obtained by performing walkthroughs which included inspection of documents produced by
	The aforesaid investments are not traded in the active market. These investments are fair valued using Level 3 inputs. The fair	the Company and discussion with those involved in the process of valuation;
	valuation of these investments is determined by a management-appointed independent registered valuer.	Assessed the appropriateness of the valuation methodology used for the investments in unquoted equity shares in accordance with the Company's policy and tested the mathematical
	The valuation of these investments was considered to be one of the areas which required auditor's attention because of its	accuracy of the model adopted by the management;
	significance in the financial statements due to the materiality of unrealised gain on investments and the complexity involved in their valuation.	Obtained the valuation report from registered expert valuer and assessed the expert's competence, objectivity and independence in performing the valuation of these investments;
		<ul> <li>Assessed the appropriateness of the valuation model and ensured the appropriateness of the carrying value of these investments in the financial statements and the gain or loss recognised in the financial statements as a result of such fair valuation; and</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Ensured the appropriateness and adequacy of disclosures in accordance with the applicable Accounting Standards.</li> </ul>

# Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our



auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as
  fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
  internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure A a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.



With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying financial statements;
- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- c. The financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rule issued thereunder;
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2024 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31st March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting (IFCoFR) of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls refer to our separate report in **Annexure 'B'**.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company does not have any pending litigation(s) which would impact its financial position as at 31 March 2024;
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2024;
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024.
  - iv. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('the



Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

v. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the

Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

- vi. Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- vii. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year ended 31 March 2024.
- viii. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from 1 April 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is applicable for the financial year ended 31 March, 2024. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company, in respect of financial year(s) commencing on or after 1 April 2023, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Furthermore, the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

B Chhawchharia & Co

Firm Registration No.: 305123E

Chartered Accountants

Kshitiz Chhawchharia

Partner

Membership No. 061087

UDIN: 24061087BKFPTD 2928

Place: Kolkata

Dated, the 13th day of May, 2024



# Annexure A to the Auditor's Report

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of SHREE KRISHNA AGENCY LIMITED, on the financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024.

Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting a true and fair view on the financial statements of the Company and taking into consideration the information and explanations given to us and the books of account and other records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we report that:

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
  - (b) The property, plant and equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of physical verification program adopted by the Company, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
  - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties held by the Company are held in the name of the Company.
  - (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.
  - (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) (a) The Company does not hold any inventory/tangible inventory. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) (a) The Company is a Non-Banking Finance Company or Housing Finance Company and its principal business is to give loans. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The investments made, guarantees provided, security given and terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided are not, prima facie, prejudicial to the Company's interest.
  - (c) In respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments/receipts of principal and interest are regular.

(d) The total amount which is overdue for more than 90 days as at 31 March 2024 in respect of loans or advances in the nature of loans granted to such companies, firms, LLPs or other parties is as follows:

Particulars	Amount (₹ in Lakhs)	No. of Cases	Remarks, if any
Principal	188.50	4	-
Interest	-	-	-
Total	188.50	4	-

Reasonable steps have been taken by the Company for recovery of such principal amounts and interest.

- (e) The Company has granted loan(s) or advance(s) in the nature of loan(s) which had fallen due during the year and was/were repaid on or before the due date. Further, no fresh loans were granted to any party to settle the overdue loans/advances in nature of loan.
- (f) The Company has granted loan(s) or advance(s) in the nature of loans which are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, as per details below:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	All Parties	Promoters	Related Parties
Aggregate of loans/advances in	3,629.99		
nature of loan			
- Repayable on demand (A)	_	-	2,719.50
- Agreement does not specify any	-	-	-
terms or period of repayment (B)			
Total (A+B)	3,629.99		2,719.50
Percentage of loans/advances in	-	-	74.92%
nature of loan to the total loans			

- (iv) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security, as applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable.
- (vi) The Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/business activity. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted accrued in the books of account in respect of



undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, Good and Service Tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited to the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding on the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred to in subclause (a) above that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been recorded in the books of accounts.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, pursuant to receiving the approvals for rescheduling its loan(s) from the lender(s), the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including confirmations received from banks/ financial institution and/or other lenders and representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
    - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, money raised by way of term loans were applied for the purposes for which these were obtained.
    - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised by the Company on short term basis have not been utilised for long term purposes.
    - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
    - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- (x)(a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instrument) during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

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- (b)According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
  - (b) No report under section 143(12) of the Act has been filed with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable. Further, the details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements, as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act.
- (xiv) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to have an internal audit system under section 138 of the Act and consequently, does not have an internal audit system. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and accordingly, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and such registration has been obtained by the Company.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred any cash loss in the current as well as the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly paragraph 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall



Continuation Sheet

Chartered Accountants

due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any unspent amount in respect of any ongoing or other than ongoing project as at the expiry of the financial year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

B Chhawchharia & Co

Firm Registration No.: 305123E

Chartered Accountants

Kshitiz Chhawchharia

**Partner** 

Membership No. 061087

UDIN: 240610870KFPTD 2928

Place: Kolkata

Dated, the 13th day of May, 2024



# Annexure B to the Auditor's Report

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

In conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of **SHREE KRISHNA AGENCY LIMITED** ("the Company") as at and for the year ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as at that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal financial controls over financial reporting issued by ICAI. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and Standards on Auditing, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial control with reference to Financial Statement, and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial control with reference to Financial Statement and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial control with reference to Financial Statement, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidences we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statement.



# Meaning of Internal Financial Control with reference to Financial Statement

A company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statement is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statement includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial control with reference to Financial Statement, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial control with reference to Financial Statement to future periods are subject to the risk that internal financial control with reference to Financial Statement may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us the Company has, in all material respects, maintained adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as of March 31, 2024, based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

B Chhawchharia & Co

Firm Registration No.: 305123E

Chartered Accountants

Kshitiz Chhawchharia

**Partner** 

Membership No. 061087

UDIN: 240610878KFPTD 2928

Place: Kolkata

Dated, the 13th day of May, 2024



# Shree Krishna Agency Limited Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
ASSETS			or water done
Financial Assets			
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	3	1,999.44	962.59
(b) Loans	4	3,602.58	5,036.89
(c) Investments	5	24,766.68	15,131.60
(d) Other financial assets	6	14.19	388.08
	_	30,382.89	21,519.17
Non-financial Assets			
(a) Current tax assets (net)	25(b)	-	2.47
(b) Property, plant and equipment	7	18.11	22.48
(c) Other non-financial assets	8	1.94	1.83
	_	20.05	26.78
Total Assets	-	30,402.94	21,545.95
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
inancial Liabilities			
(a) Borrowings (other than debt securities)	9	2,159.00	4,323.00
b) Other financial liabilities	10	31.48	21.77
		2,190.48	4,344.77
Non-Financial Liabilities			
(a) Current tax liabilities (net)	25(b)	24.26	_
b) Provisions	11	26.44	21.37
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	12	3,654.06	1,345.94
d) Other non-financial liabilities	13	<u> </u>	7.55
	_	3,704.76	1,374.86
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	14	1,094.96	1,094.96
(b) Other equity	15	23,412.74	14,731.36
		24,507.70	15,826.32
Total Liabilities and Equity		30,402.94	21,545.95
	-		

# Notes 1 - 39 form an integral part of these financial statements

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For B.Chhawchharia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Reg, No. :305123E

Kshitiz/Cbhawchharia

Partner

Membership No. 061087

Place: Kolkata

Date: 13th May 2024 UDIN: 240610878KFPTD2928

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Pradip Kumar Ojha

Place: Kolkata

Company Secretary

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shree Krishna Agency Limited

Lakshmi Niwas Bangur

Managing Director (DIN: 00012617)

Place: Kolkata

Vikash Rathi

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Kolkata

R.C.Sharma

Director

(D1N: 00225947)

Place: Didwana

S.P.Pasari

Director

(DIN: 01190244)

# Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Revenue from operations			
(a) Interest income	16	284.60	362.28
(b) Dividend income	17	56.75	33.91
(c) Net gain on fair value changes	18	62.23	19.14
		403.59	415.33
Other income	19	1.98	2.04
Total Income	<del>-</del>	405.57	417.37
Expenses			
(a) Finance costs	20	140.98	25.89
(c) Impairment on financial instruments	21	-	3.71
(d) Employee benefits expenses	22	177.92	167.97
(e) Depreciation expense	23	8.31	10.75
(f) Other expenses	24	133.78	52.43
Total Expenses		460.99	260.75
Profit before tax	===	(55.41)	156.62
Tax Expense:			
(a) Current tax	26	70.00	40.00
(b) Deferred tax		(0.91)	(2.96)
(c) Prior year taxes		(0.86)	13.70
		68.24	50.73
Profit for the year	<u> </u>	(123.65)	105.88
Other Comprehensive Income			
(a) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Fair valuation of equity and preference instruments through of	ther comprehensive inc	11,114.04	161.04
- Remeasurement benefit of defined benefit plans		0.09	(0.29)
or loss		2,309.10	53.14
Total other comprehensive income	_	8,805.03	107.61
Total comprehensive income for the year		8,681.38	213.50
Earnings per equity share	26		
Basic (₹)		(98.95)	439.74
Diluted (₹)		(5.06)	22.49
Notes 1 - 39 form an integral part of these financial statements			

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For B.Chhawchharia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Reg. No. :305123E

Kshitiz Chhawchharia

Partner

Membership No. 061087

Place: Kolkata

UDIN: 2406108784FPTD2928

Pradip Kumar Ojha

Company Secretary Place: Kolkata

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shree Krishna Agency Limited

Lakshmi Niwas Bangur

Managing Director (DIN: 00012617)

Place: Kolkata

Vikash Rathi

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Kolkata

R.C.Sharma

Director

(DIN: 00225947)

Place: Didwana

S.P.Pasari

Director

(DIN: 01190244)

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

			Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
	Cash flow from operating activities			
	Profit before tax		(55.41)	156.62
	Adjustments for:			
	Net (gain) / loss on fair value changes Sundry Written off		(62.23) 0.06	(19.14)
	Depreciation expense		8.31	10.75
	Impairment on financial instruments		-	3.71
	Operating profit before working capital changes		(109.27)	151.94
			(103.27)	131.74
	Adjustments for changes in working capital Decrease/(Increase) in loans		1,434.31	(12.79)
	Decrease/(Increase) in other financial assets		373.89	(373.37)
	Decrease/(Increase) in other non-financial assets		(0.11)	(0.07)
	Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities		9.72	1.68
	Increase/(Decrease) in other non-financial liabilities		(7.55)	(1.67)
	Increase/(Decrease) in provisions		4.98	5.27
	Cash generated from operating activities		1,705.97	(229.01)
	Income tax paid (net of refunds)		(42.37)	, ,
	Net cash generated from operating activities	(A)	1,663.60	(56.86) (285.87)
		(A)	1,005.00	(203.07)
	Cash flow from investing activities		(2.0.0	
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(3.94)	-
	Purchase of investments Sale of investments		(4,625.00)	(3,980.03)
	Sale of investments		6,166.19	974.88
	Net cash generated from/ (used in) investing activities	(B)	1,537.25	(3,005.15)
C.	Cash flow from financing activities			
	Proceeds / repayment of borrowings (net)		(2,164.00)	4,223.00
	Repayment of term loan		-	(7.44)
	Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities	(C)	(2,164.00)	4,215.56
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	A+B+C	1,036.85	924.54
	Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year		962.59	38.05
	Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year		1,999.44	962.59
	<b>Notes:</b> The above Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the 'I	ndirect Method' as s	et out in Ind AS 7 "State	ment of Cash
		mancer mealog as s	er out in me 715 7, State	inche of Cash
	Cash and cash equivalents comprises of:		0.10	0.4.4
	Cash on hand		0.49	0.14
	Balances with banks		70.10	
	- In current accounts		70.19	37.45
	- In Fixed Depsit		1,928.76	007 001
	-Cheque in Hand		1,999.44	925.00 962.59
(22)	Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:		1,999.44	962.39
	Borrowings		1.222.00	4
	Opening balance		4,323.00	107.44
	Proceeds from Borrowings		2,291.00	7,443.00
	Repayment of borrowings		(4,455.00)	(3,227.44)
1	Closing Borrowings		2,159.00	4,323.00

This is the Cash flow Statement referred to in or report of even date.

For B.Chhawchharia & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm' Reg. No. :305123E

Kshitiz Chhawchharia

Membership No. 061087

Place: Kolkata

Date: 13th May 2024 UDIM: 240610878K

Pradip Kumar Ojha

Company Secretary Place: Kolkata

For and on behalf of the board of directors

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shree Krishna Agency Limited

Lakshmi Niwas Bangur

Managing Director (DIN: 00012617)

Place: Kolkata

R.C.Sharma

Director (DIN: 00225947)

Place: Didwana

Vikash Rathi

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Kolkata

S.P.Pasari

Director (DIN: 01190244)



# Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
A. Equity Share Capital		
Balance at the beginning of the year	56.00	56.00
Changes in Equity ShareCapital due to prior perioderrors	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	56.00	56.00
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	
Balance at the end of the year	56.00	56.00
B. Preference Share Capital		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,038.96	1,038.96
Changes in preference share capital during the year	-	
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	1,038.96	1,038.96
Changes in equity share capital during the year		-
Balance at the end of the year	1,038.96	1,038.96

# C. Other Equity

Res	serves and Surplus					Other compre	ehensive income	Total
Particulars –	General Reserve	Securities Premium	Statutory Reserves	1mpairment Reserve	Retained Earnings	Fair Value of Equity & Pref Instruments	Remeasurement henefit of defined benefit plans	
Balance at 01 April 2021	284.57	6,961.03	521.67		1,258.37	3,750.65	0.61	12,776.90
Profits for the year		-	-		258.33	-		258.33
Transferred to statutory reserves	-	-	51.67		(51.67)	-		-
Items of other comprehensive income:								
- Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	-				-		(9.44)	(9.44)
- Net fair value gain on investment in equity and	-		-			1,970.12		1,970.12
- Tax impact	-	-	-		-	(480.43)	2.38	(478.05)
Balance at 01 April 2022	284.57	6,961.03	573.34		1,465.03	5,240.34	(6.46)	14,517.86
Profits for the year	-	-	1		105.88	-		105.88
Transferred to statutory reserves	-	-	21.18		(21.18)	-		-
Transferred to impairment reserves				12.51	(12.51)			-
Items of other comprehensive income:								-
- Remeasurement of defined benefit plans		4	-				(0.29)	(0.29)
- Net fair value gain on investment in equity and	-	•				161.04		161.04
- Tax impact					-	(53.21)	0.07	(53.14)
Balance at 31 March 2023	284.57	6,961.03	594.51	12.51	1,537.23	5,348.18	(6.67)	14,731.36
Profits for the year	-	11.5	-		(123.65)			(123.65)
Transferred to statutory reserves	-	-	-		-			
Transferred to impairment reserves				63.35	(63.35)			-
Items of other comprehensive income:								-
- Remeasurement of defined benefit plans							0.09	0.09
- Net fair value gain on investment in equity and			-		-	11,114.04		11,114.04
- Tax impact		-			-	(2,309.08)	(0.02)	(2,309.10)
Balance at 31 March 2024	284.57	6,961.03	594.51	75.86	1,350.23	14,153.14	(6.61)	23,412.74

# Notes 1 - 39 form an integral part of these financial statements

This is the Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date.

For B.Chhawchharia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Kshitiz Chhawchharia

Partner

Membership No. 061087 Place: Kolkata

UDIN: 24061087EKPPID2928

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Pradip Kumar Ojha

Company Secretary Place: Kolkata

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shree Krishna Agency Limited

Lakshmi Niwas Bangur

Managing Director (DIN: 00012617)

Place: Kolkata

Chief Financial Officer Place: Kolkata

R.C.Sharma

Director (DIN: 00225947) Place: Didwana

S.P.Pasari

Director (D1N: 01190244)

### Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### 1 (a) Corporate Information

Stree Krishna Agency Limited ("the Company") is a public limited company domiciled in India and registered under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is a Non - Banking Financial Company, Non Deposit taking categorised as Middle Layer (NBFC - ND - ML) persuant to para 2.8 of Master Direction. Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company- Scale Based Regulation) Direction, 2023 and is registered with Reserve Bank of India. On account of it's business activities it is exposed to vanous financial risks associated with financials products such as credit or default risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and inflationary risk.

#### (b) Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements has been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 ('the Act'), read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time ('Ind AS') along with other relevant provisions of the Act, persuant to para 2.8 of Master Direction -Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company- Scale Based Regulation) Direction, 2023.

The Guidance Note on Division III - Schedule III to the Act issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") has been followed insofar as they are not

inconsistent with any of these Directions.

These financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on the accounting except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as stated in the accounting policies set out below. The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these financial statements.

#### (c) Presentation of financial statements

The Company presents its balance sheet in order oil iquidity Ananalysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after there porting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (non-current) is presented in note 29

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- The normal course of business.
- The event of default
- The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and/or its counterparties

#### (d) Material accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the funancial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenues, expenses, asserts and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, as well as the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of asserts or liabilities affected in future periods.

#### Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPP1 and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

# Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial issets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

# Provisions and other contingent liabilities

The Company operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heightened element of litigation risk inherent to its operations. As a result, it is involved in various litigation, arbitration and regulatory investigations and proceedings in the ordinary course of the Company's business. When the Company can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Company records a provision against the case. Where the probability of outflow is considered to be remote, or probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed. Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the Company takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents. Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

# (e) Application of new accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from I April 2021.





#### Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 Material accounting policies

#### 2.01 Revenue recognition

# Interest income (Effective interest rate method)

Under Ind AS 100 interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, debt instrument measured at FVOCI and debt instruments designated at FVTPL. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. The EIR (and therefore, the amortised cost of the asset) is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Company recognises interest mome using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the loan. Hence, it recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates charged at vanous stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments, penalty interest and charges). If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk. The adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income. The adjustment is subsequently amortised through interest income in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit-impaired assets net of upfront processing fees. When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Company calculates interest income by applying the effective interest rate to the net amortised cost of the financial asset. If the financial assets cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Company reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis. For purchased or originated credit-impaired (POCI) financial assets, the Company calculates interest income by calculating the credit-adjusted EIR and applying that rate to the amortised cost of the asset. The credit-adjusted EIR is the interest rate that, at original recognition, discounts the estimated future cash flows (including credit losses) to the amortised cost of the POCI assets. Interest income on all trading assets and financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at EVTPL is recognised using the contractual interest rate in net gain on fair value changes.

#### Dividend income

Dividend income (including from FVOCI investments) is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entiry and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### Trading incom-

Trading income includes all gains and losses from changes in fair value and the related interest income or expense and dividends, for financial assets and financial liabilities held for trading.

#### 2.02 Financial instruments

#### Point of recognition

Financial assets and liabilities, with the exception of loans, debt securities, deposits and borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company becomes a parry to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades, purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. Loans are recognised when funds are transferred to the customers' account. The Company recognises debt securities, deposits and borrowings when funds reach the Company.

# Initial recognition

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their contractual terms and the business model for managing the instruments, as per the principles of the Ind. AS. Financial instruments are initially measured at their fair value, except in the case of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at EVTPL, transaction costs are added to, or subtracted from, this amount. Trade receivables are measured at the transaction price. When the fair value of financial instruments at initial recognition differs from the transaction price, the Company accounts mentioned below:

When the transaction price of the instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Group recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in profit or loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.

# Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

All financial liabilities of the Company are subsequently measured at amorbzed cost using the effective interest method. Under the effective interest method, the future cash payments are exactly discounted to the initial recognition value using the effective interest rate. The cumulative amorbzenou using the effective interest method of the difference between the initial recognition amount and the maturity amount is added to the initial recognition value (net of principal repayments, if any) of the financial liability over the relevant period of the financial liability to arrive at the amorbzed cost at each reporting date. The corresponding effect of the amorbzenou under effective interest method is recognized as interest expense over the relevant period of the financial liability. The same is included under finance cost in the Statement of Profit and Loss.





Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

#### 2.02 Financial instruments (cont'd)

#### Subsequent measurement of financial assets

For subsequent measurement, the Company classifies a financial asset in accordance with the below criteria:

- i. The Company's business model for managing the financial asset, and
- ii. The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Based on the above criteria, the Company classifies its financial assets into the following categories:

- (a) Financial assets measured at amortized cost
- (b) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- (c) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

# (a) Financial assets measured at amortized cost:

A Financial asset is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

- (i) The Company's business model objective for managing the financial asset is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- (ii) The contractual terms of the Financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash Flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount ourstanding.

This cutegory applies to cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, loans and other financial assets of the Company. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Under the effective interest method, the future cash receips are exactly discounted to the initial recognition value using the effective interest method of the difference between the initial recognition amount and the maturity amount is added to the initial recognition value (net of principal repayments, if any) of the financial asset over the relevant period of the financial asset to arrive at the amortized cost at each reporting date. The corresponding effect of the amortization under effective interest method is recognized as interest income over the relevant period of the financial asset. The same is included under other income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The amortized cost of a financial asset is also adjusted for loss allowance, if any.

#### (b) Financial assets measured at FVTOCI:

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- (i) The Company's business model objective for managing the financial asset is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- (ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding,

This category applies to certain investments in debt and equity instruments. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value changes are recognized in the Statement of profit and loss under 'Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)'. However, the Company recognizes interest income and impairment losses and its reversals in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On de-recognition of such financial assets, cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to the Statement of Profit and Loss, except for instruments which the Company has irrevocably elected to be classified as equity through OCI at initial recognition, when such instruments meet the definition of Equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and they are not held for trading. The Company has made such election on an instrument by instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these equity instruments are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised in the statement of profit or loss as dividend income when the right of the payment has been established, except when the Company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the instrument, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments at FVOCI are not subject to an impairment assessment

# (c) Financial assets measured at FVTPL:

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortized cost or at FVTOCI as explained above. This is a residual category applied to all other investments of the Company excluding investments in subsidiary and associate companies. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value changes are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

# Financial assets or financial liabilities held for trading:

The Company classifies financial assets as held for trading when they have been purchased or issued pomarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit taking. Held-for-trading assets and liabilities are recorded and measured in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in net gain on fair value changes.

Interest and dividend income or expense is recorded in net gain on fair value changes according to the terms of the contract, or when the right to payment has been established Included in this classification are debt securities, equities, and customer loans that have been acquired principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term.





# Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

## 2.02 Financial instruments (cont'd)

#### De-recognition

# (a) Financial asset:

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when any of the following occurs:

- i. The contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset expires;
- ii. The Company transfers its contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset and has substantially transferred all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets has been derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting.
- iii. The Company retains the contractual rights to receive cash flows but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows without material delay to one or more recipients under a 'pass-through' arrangement (thereby substantially transferring all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset);
- iv. The Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all risk and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the financial asset

In cases where Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the Financial asset, but retains control of the financial asset, the Company continues to recognize such financial asset to the extent of its continuing involvement in the financial asset. In that case, the Company also recognizes an associated hability. The financial asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

On de-recognition of a financial asset, (except as mentioned in it above for financial assets measured at EVTOCI), the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (h) Financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognision of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Impairment of financial assets:

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the weighted-average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the eash flows that the
Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the eash flows, the
Company is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms

# Trade receivables

In respect of trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

# Other financial assets

In respect of its other financial assets, the Company assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

When making this assessment, the Company uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial asset. To make that assessment, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition. The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the balance sheet date.

# Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.





Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

#### 2.03 Fair Value

The Company measures its financial instruments at fair value in accordance with the accounting policies mentioned above. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- . In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy that categorizes into three levels, described as follows, the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

- Level 1 (unadjusted) Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has access to at the measurement date. The Company considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance sheet date.
- Level 2 Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life. Such inputs include quoted prices for similar assers or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical instruments in inactive markets and observable inputs other than quoted prices such as interest rates and yield curves, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. In addition, adjustments may be required for the condition or location of the asset or the extent to which it relates to items that are comparable to the valued instrument. However, if such adjustments are based on unobservable inputs which are significant to the entire measurement, the Company will classify the instruments as Level 3.
- . Level 3 Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period and discloses the same.

#### 2.04 Income Taxes

Tax expense is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current tax and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable in respect of taxable profit for a period. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax is measured using tax rates that have been enacted by the end of reporting period for the amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxabon authorities.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate

# Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit under Income tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax habilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. However, in case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or habilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax habilities are not recognized. Also, for temporary differences if any that may arise from initial recognizion of goodwill, deferred tax habilities are not recognized.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary difference can be utilized. In case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or habilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit not the accounting profit, deferred tax assets are not recognized. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the benefits of part or all of such deterred tax assets to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

The Company has not recognised a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint accungements, except to the extent that both of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the parent, investor, joint venture or joint operator is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference, and
- it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.





#### Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

#### 2.04 Income taxes (cont'd)

#### Presentation of current and deferred tax:

Current and deferred tax are recognized as income or an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income, in which case, the current and deferred tax income/expense are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax habilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the hability simultaneously. In case of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, the same are offset if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off corresponding current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Company.

#### 2.05 Provisions and contingencies

The Company recognizes provisions when a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event exists and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle such obligation and the amount of such obligation can be reliably estimated. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the nsks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or the amount of such obligation cannot be measured reliably. When there is a possible obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

#### 2.06 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of Cash Flow Statement comprise cash and cheques in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks where the original maturity is three months or less and other short term highly liquid investments.

#### 2.07 Employee Benefits

# Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a hability (accrued expense) after deducting any amount already paid.

# Post-employment benefits

#### (i) Defined contribution plans

Defined contribution plans are employee state insurance scheme and Government administered pension fund scheme for all applicable employees

# Recognition and measurement of defined contribution plans:

The Company recognizes contribution payable to a defined contribution plan as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the employees render services to the Company during the reporting period. If the contributions payable for services received from employees before the reporting date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficir payable is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the combinion already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the reporting date, the excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

# (ii) Defined benefits plans

# Gratuity scheme:

Gratuity is a post employment benefit and is a defined benefit plan. The cost of providing defined benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at each reporting date. The defined benefit obligations recognized in the Balance Sheet represent the present value of the defined benefit obligations as reduced by the fair value of plan assets, if any. Any defined benefit asset (negative defined benefit obligations resulting from this calculation) is recognized representing the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the plan.

# Recognition and measurement of defined henefit plans

All expenses represented by current service cost, plast service cost, if any, and net interest on the defined benefit liability / (asset) are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on the plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset), are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income. Such remeasurements are not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the subsequent periods.

The Company does not presents the above liability/(asset) as current and non-current in the Balance Sheet as per the principles of Division III financial statements as per the MCA notification dated 11 October 2018.

# (iii) Other long-term employee benefits:

Enablements to compensated absences are recognized as and when they accrue to employees and they are considered to be a financial liability, since the accumulated leaves can be encashed at the end of every year.





#### Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

#### 2.08 Lease accounting

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land and buildings. The Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset,
  (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease; and
- (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

#### Recognition and initial measurement

At lease commencement date, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset (ROU') and a lease liability on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Company, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease (if any), and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The Company depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the eadler of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Company also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist.

At lease commencement date, the Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) and variable payments based on an index or rate. Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is re-measured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in the in-substance fixed payments. When the lease liability is re-measured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset.

#### Presentation

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

The Company has elected to account for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets using the practical expedients. Instead of recognising a right-of-use asset and lease liability, the payments in relation to these are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term

# 2.09 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Borrowing costs, if any, directly attributable to the acquisition, construction of production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized, if any. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

# 2.10 Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) of the Company. The CODM is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments of the Company.

Where events occurring after the balance sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the balance sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

# 2.12 Property, plant & equipment

# Measurement at recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment that qualifies as an asset is measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are carried at its cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises of its purchase pince including import duties and other non-refundable purchase taxes or levies, directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use and the initial estimate of decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities, if any. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Cost includes cost of replacing a part of a plant and equipment if the recognition criteria are met. Items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment that meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are capitalized at cost and depreciated over their useful life. Costs in nature of repairs and maintenance are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as and when incurred.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate





Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

# 2.12 Property, plant & equipment (cont'd)

#### Capital work-in-progress and capital advances:

Cost of assets not ready for intended use, as on the balance sheet date, is shown as capital work-in-progress. Advances given towards acquisition of fixed assets outstanding at each balance sheet date are disclosed as other non-financial assets.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation on each part of an item of property, plant and equipment is provided using the written down value method based on the useful life of the asset as prescribed in Schedule II to the Acr. Depreciation is calculated on a pro-tata basis from the date of installation till date the assets are sold or disposed. Leasehold improvements are amortised over the underlying lease term on a straight line basis. Individual assets costing less than INR 5,000 are depreciated in full in the year of acquisition.

#### De-recognition

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising from the de-recognized on a item of property, plant and equipment is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the item is derecognized.

#### 2.13 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment resting for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to us recoverable amount.

In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asser. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a charge in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revaluation increase.

# 2.14 Earnings per equity share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted-average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted-average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events including a hours issue.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the ner profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares





# Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
3 Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	0.49	0.14
Balances with banks in current account	70.19	37.45
Cheque in Hand	-	925.00
Balances with banks in Fixed Deposit	1,928.76	-
(less than 3 month)		
	1,999.44	962.59





Shree Krishna Agency Limited
Ninte us Standshone Financial Statement for the Year Ended Mat March 2024
Nate to Standshone Financial Statement for the Year Ended Mat March 2024
A Loans

Notice that the definite being the part of the state of				As at 31 March 2024					As at 31 March 2023		
Promoted		Amortised Cost	At fair value through profit and loss	At fair value through other comprehensive income	Designated at fair value through profit and loss	lotal.	Amortised Cost	At fair value through profit and loss	At fair value through other comprehensive income	Designated at fair value through profit and loss	Total
Detailed	(A) Lounn										
1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0	(i) Loan on Demand -To related parties (refer note 27)	2,719.50			,	2,719.5					3,628.43
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1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	julerest account	106.99				106.9			•		131.62
1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974   1974	Total (A) - Gross	3,629.99				3,629.9			*		5,064.30
1- Net   1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1-	Less: Imparment allowance [refer note (a) below]	(27.41)			,	(27.4					(27.41)
9 timpplik exects 3,629,79 5,064,30 7 cimplik exects 3,629,79 7 cimplik exects 3,62	Total (A) - Net	3,602.58				3,602.5					5,036.89
seets script seets 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,629,99 4,	(B) Security										
Mod 284       Mod 284     Mod 284     Side4.30     Side4.30     Side4.30       3628.99     3,629.99     5,644.30     Side4.30     Side4.30       3628.99     3,629.99     5,644.30     Side4.30     Side4.30       3,622.99     3,622.99     Side4.30     Side4.30     Side4.30       3,622.99     3,622.99     Side4.30     Side4.30     Side4.30       3,622.99     3,622.99     Side4.30     Side4.30     Side4.30       3,622.99     3,602.58     Side4.30     Side4.30     Side4.30       3,602.58     3,602.58     Side4.30     Side4.30     Side4.30       3,602.58     3,602.58     Side4.80     Side4.80     Side4.80       3,602.58     3,602.58     Side4.80     Side4.80     Side4.80	Secured by tangible assets				,						1
## Spirit	Secured by intangible assets		•	,		•					
3,629,99         3,629,99         5,064,30         5           1,622,99         3,629,99         5,064,30         5           2,622,41         (27.41)         7         5           3,622,99         3,622,99         5,064,31         5           3,629,99         5,044,31         5         5           3,629,99         5,044,31         5         5           3,629,99         5,044,31         5         5           4,002,54         5,044,31         5         5           4,002,54         5,044,31         5         5           4,002,54         5,044,31         5         5           4,002,54         5,044,31         5         5           4,002,54         5,044,31         5         5           4,002,54         5,044,31         5         5           4,002,54         5,044,31         5         5           4,002,54         5,044,31         5         5           5,044,31         5,044,31         5         5           6,044,04         5,044,31         5         5           6,042,41         5,044,31         5           7,044,04         7,044,04         7	Covered by Bank/Government Guarantees				•						*
3,629.99     3,629.90     5,064.30     5       (27.41)     (27.41)     (27.41)     5       3,629.99     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       3,629.99     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       4,629.99     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       4,629.99     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       4,629.99     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       4,629.99     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       4,602.54     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       5     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       6     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       7     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       8     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       9     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       10     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       10     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       10     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       10     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       10     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       10     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       10     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       10     3,629.99     5,044.30     5       10<	Unsecured	3,629.99				3,629.9					5,064.30
1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58   1,002.58	Total (B) - Gross	3,629.99		,	4	3,629.9			×		5,064.30
3,602.58 5,036.89 5,036.89 5,036.89 5,043.10 5,022.58 5,036.89 5,043.10 5,022.59 5,043.10 5,022.59 5,043.10 5,022.58 5,043.10 5,022.58 5,043.10 5,022.58 5,043.10 5,022.58 5,043.10 5,022.58 5,043.10 5,022.58 5,043.10 5,022.58 5,043.10 5,022.58 5,043.10 5,022.58 5,043.10 5,022.58 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,043.28 5,0	[refer note (a) below]	(17.41)				(27.4					(27.41)
3,629.99 \$,664.30 \$,629.99 \$,664.30 \$,629.99 \$,664.30 \$,629.99 \$,662.99 \$,662.99 \$,662.90 \$,622.99 \$,662.90 \$,622.90 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,602.38 \$,002.38 \$,002.38 \$,002.38 \$,002.38 \$,002.38 \$,002.38 \$,002.38 \$,0	Total (B) - Net	3,602.58				3,602.5					5,036.89
3,629.99 \$,64.30 \$,629.99 \$,504.30 \$,502.99 \$,504.30 \$,502.99 \$,504.30 \$,502.99 \$,502.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,503.58 \$,50	(C) Other details (I) Loans in India										
3,629.99   5,645.31   5,629.99   5,645.31   5,629.99   5,645.30   5,629.99   5,645.30   5,629.99   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30   5,645.30	- Public Sector			,		•					
3,629.99   5,643.10   5   5,239.99   5,643.10   5   5,239.99   5,643.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5,234.10   5   5	- Others	3,629.99				3,629.9		1	,		5,064.30
(27.41)	Total (C) (f) - Gross	3,629.99				3,629.9					5,064.30
3,602.58 \$,036.89	[refer note (a) below]	(27.41)				. (27.4					(27.41)
allowance: 3,002.58 3,002.58	Total (C) (I) - Net	3,602.58	*			3,602.5					5,036.89
3,602.58	(11) Louns outwide India										
3,602.58	Total (C) (II) - Gross	,						,	٠		•
3,602.58 5,036.89	Less: Impairment loss allowance										
3,402.58 5,03.689	Total (C) (II) - Net		1								
	Total (C) (f) and (II) - Net	3,602.58				3,602.5					5,036.89

(D) Other details
Laans or advances in the nature of loans are granted to promotens, directors, KMPs and the related parties

period of rep	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loans			
in demand seifying any terms o			Ĭ.	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loans
Promoters KMPs Related Parties Related Parties Promoters Promoters Promoters Directors					
cifying any terms o		,			•
cifying any terms o				. ,	
scifying any terms or	01000				
(b) Without specifying any terms or period of repayment Promoters Promoters Promoters	2,719.50	14.52%		3,628.43	71.65%
					•
		1		*	
	1.				
Related Partles				,	,
(a) Movement in impairment loss allowance during the period is as follows:	is as follows:				
		Year ended 31 March 2024		1	Year ended 31 March 2023
Star	Standard	SubStandard/ Laise	Total	Standard	SubStandard/ Laise
Balance at the begunning of the year	19.91	7.50	27.41	20.20	3.50
Add: Provision made during the year		ī			4.0
Less: Provision reversed during the year		,		(0.29)	
Balance at the end of the year (refer note 33)	19.91	7.50	27.41	19:91	7.50



Shree Krishna Agency Lamired Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024 (All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless otherwise stated)

# 5 Investments

Investments			As at 31 March 2024	arch 2024					As at 31 N	As at 31 March 2023		
	Amortised Cost	Through other comprehensive income	At fair Value Through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Others (*)	Total	Amortised Cost	Through other comprehensive income	At fair Value Through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Others (*)	Total
Mumal Funds			571.40			571.40						
Government Securities		•				1						1
Other approved securities				•		1			•	•		1
Debt Securities				,	,	,	,					1
Equity Instruments		20,789.84	•	٠	,	20,789.84		11,726.16			·	11,726.16
Subsidiaries (*)	59.44		٠		846.00	905.44	59.44				846 00	905.44
Associates (*)					2,500.00	2,500.00					2,500.00	2,500.00
Joint Ventures						,					٠	
Preference Instruments						,		٠				
Total Gross (A)	59.44	20,789.84	571.40		3,346.00	24,766.68	59.44	11,726.16			3,346.00	15,131.60
(i) Investments outside India						,		,	•			٠
(i) Investments in India	59.44	20,789.84	571.40		3,346.00	24,766.68	59.44	11,726.16			3,346.00	15,131.60
Total (B)	59.44	20,789.84	571.40		3,346.00	24,766.68	59,44	11,726.16	,		3,346.00	15,131.60
Less: Allowance for impairment loss (C)								,	,	,		
Total Net (D)=(A)-(C)	59.44	20,789.84	571.40		3,346.00	24,766.68	59.44	11,726.16			3,346.00	15,131.60

(\*) Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost in accordance with Ind AS 27





Shree Krishna Agency Limited
Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024
(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

6 Other financial assets	_	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Other receivables		14.19	13.08
Receivable from Broker			-
Advance		-	375.00
		14,19	388.08

# 7 Property, plant and equipment

	Land and building	Office equipments	Furniture and fixtures	Laptop	Vehicles	Total
Gross block		,				
Balance as at 01 April 2022	0.06	0.08	0.11	2.54	96.57	99.36
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Addition Through Business Combination	-	-	-	-	•	-
Amount of change due to revaluation	-	•	-	<u>-</u>	-	
Balance as at 31 March 2023	0.06	0.08	0.11	2.54	96.57	99.36
Additions	-	-	-	3.94	-	3.94
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Addition Through Business Combination	-	-	-	-	-	=
Amount of change due to revaluation	-		-	-	-	
Balance as at 31 March 2024	0.06	0.08	0.11	6.47	96.57	103.29
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance as at 01 April 2022	-	0.06	0.06	1.30	64.70	66.13
Depreciation charge for the year	-	0.00	0.01	0.78	9.95	10.75
Disposals					-	-
Adjustment	-	_			_	_
Balance as at 31 March 2023	-	0.06	0.07	2.08	74.66	76.88
Depreciation charge for the year	-	0.00	0.01	1.45	6.84	8.31
Disposals	-				-	_
Adjustment		_	_	- 1	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2024	-	0.07	0.08	3.54	81.50	85.19
Carrying value						
As at 31 March 2022	0.06	0.02	0.04	1.23	31.87	33.20
As at 31 March 2023	0.06	0.02	0.04	0.45	21.91	22,48
As at 31 March 2024	0.06	0.01	0.03	2.94	15.07	18.11
				_	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Other non-financial assets		
Prepaid expenses	1.23	1.55
Other advances	0.10	0.10
Advacne To Staff	0.62	0.18
	1.94	1.83





Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024 (All amounts in Elakhs, unless otherwise stated)

9 Borrowings (other than debt securities)

		As at 31 March 2024	arch 2024			As at 31 March 2023	farch 2023	
#	At fair value through profit or loss	Designated at fai t or At amortised cost value through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Total	At fair value through profit or loss	At fair value Designated at fai through profit or At amortised cost value through loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Total
Loans repayable on demand [refer note (b) below]: - from related parties (refer note 27) (unsecured)	2,159.00		1	2,159.00	4,323.00	1	,	4,323.00
	2,159.00		1	2,159.00	4,323.00			4,323.00
Borrowings within India	2,159.00			2,159.00	4,323.00			4,323.00
Borrowings outside India	2,159.00			2,159.00	4,323.00	, ,		4,323.00

Terms and conditions:

(a) Loans repayable on demand:

Loan from related parties:

The loan is repayable on demand and carries an interest rate of 7.75% p.a. (31st March 2023 - 7.75%)







# Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

			As at 31 March 2024	As 31 March 202
Other financial liabilities				
Dues to employees			10.42	10.8
Other payables			10.74	9.7
Security deposits Statutory dues			1.20 9.12	1.2
Statutory dues			31.48	21.7
Provisions			31.46	21.7
Provision for employee benefits				
- Gratuity (refer note 22)			26.44	21.3
			26.44	21.3
Deferred taxes				
Deferred tax liabilities, net				
Deferred tax liability:				
Fair valuation on investments carried at fair value through OCI			3,676.44	1,367.3
Fair valuation on investments carried at fair value through profit and loss			0.32	-
Total deferred tax liabilities			3,676.76	1,367.3
Deferred tax assets:				
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per bouncome tax $Act$ , $1961$	oks of accounts and		6.44	6
Provision for employee benefits			9.37	8.1
Provision for impairment allowance			6.90	6.9
Total deferred tax assets			22.70	21.4
Deferred tax liabilities (net)			3,654.06	1,345.9
Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2023:				
Particulars	As at 01st April 2022	Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	As at 31 March 202
Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on:				
Fair valuation on investments carried at fair value through OCI	1,314.14	-	53.21	1,367.3
Fair valuation on investments carried at fair value through profit and loss	-	-	-	
Total	1,314.14	-	53.21	1,367.3
Deferred tax assets for deductible temporary differences on:				
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per books of accounts and Income tax Act, 1961	5.93	0.47	-	6
Provision for employee benefits	6.48	1.56	0.07	8.1
Provision for impairment allowance	5.97	0.00		6.9
		0.93		
Total	18.38	2.96	0.07	
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	1,295.76		53.14	21,4 1,345.9
		2.96		21,4
Deferred tax liabilities (net)		2.96		21,4
Deferred tax liabilities (net)  Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2024:	1,295.76 As at	2.96 (2.96)	Other comprehensive	21.4 1,345.5 As at
Deferred tax liabilities (net)  Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2024:  Particulars	1,295.76 As at	2.96 (2.96)	Other comprehensive	21.4 1,345.5 As at 31 March 202
Deferred tax liabilities (net)  Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2024:  Particulars  Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on:	1,295.76  As at  01st April 2023	2.96 (2.96)	Other comprehensive Income	21.4 1,345.5 As at 31 March 202
Deferred tax liabilities (net)  Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2024:  Particulars  Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on:  Fair valuation on investments carried at fair value through OC1	1,295.76  As at  01st April 2023	2.96 (2.96)  Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	21. 1,345. As at 31 March 202 3,676. 0.:
Deferred tax liabilities (net)  Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2024:  Particulars  Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on:  Fair valuation on investments carried at fair value through OCl  Fair valuation on investments carried at fair value through profit and loss	1,295.76  As at Olst April 2023	2.96 (2.96) Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	21. 1,345. As at 31 March 202 3,676. 0.:
Deferred tax liabilities (net)  Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2024:  Particulars  Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on: Fair valuation on investments carried at fair value through OCl Fair valuation on investments carried at fair value through profit and loss  Total	1,295.76  As at Olst April 2023	2.96 (2.96) Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	21. 1,345.5 As at 31 March 202 3,676.
Deferred tax liabilities (net)  Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2024:  Particulars  Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on: Fair valuation on investments carried at fair value through OCI Fair valuation on investments carried at fair value through profit and loss  Total  Deferred tax assets for deductible temporary differences on: Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per	1,295.76  As at 01st April 2023  1,367.35  1,367.35  6.40  8.11	2.96 (2.96)  Statement of Profit or Loss  0.32	Other comprehensive Income	21. 1,345.5 As at 31 March 202 3,676. 0.: 3,676.
Deferred tax liabilities (net)  Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2024:  Particulars  Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on: Fair valuation on investments carried at fair value through OCI Fair valuation on investments carried at fair value through profit and loss  Total  Deferred tax assets for deductible temporary differences on: Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per books of accounts and Income tax Act, 1961 Provision for employee benefits Provision for impairment allowance	1,295.76  As at 01st April 2023  1,367.35  1,367.35  6.40  8.11 6.90	2.96 (2.96)  Statement of Profit or Loss  0.32 (0.06) 1.28	53.14  Other comprehensive Income  2,309.10  2,309.10  (0.02)	21. 1,345.9 As at 31 March 202 3,676. 0.: 3,676.
Deferred tax liabilities (net)  Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2024:  Particulars  Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on: Fair valuation on investments carried at fair value through OCI Fair valuation on investments carried at fair value through profit and loss  Total  Deferred tax assets for deductible temporary differences on: Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per books of accounts and Income tax Act, 1961 Provision for employee benefits	1,295.76  As at 01st April 2023  1,367.35  1,367.35  6.40  8.11	2.96 (2.96)  Statement of Profit or Loss  0.32 (0.06)	Other comprehensive Income  2,309.10  2,309.10	21,4 1,345.9 As at

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities have been offset wherever the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

13	Other	non-financial	liabilities
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Statutory dues



	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
and the same of th	-	7.55
AGENCA		7.55
15 W 151		

		As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
		Number	Amount	Number	Amount
14 Equ	uity share capital				
Autl	horized share capital				
Equ	ity shares of ₹ 100 each	1,00,000	100.00	1,00,000	100.00
Pref	erence shares of ₹ 100 each	12,00,000	1,200.00	12,00,000	1,200.00
		_	1,300.00		1,300.00
1ssu	ed, subscribed and fully paid-up	_		-	
Equ	ity shares of ₹ 100 each	56,000	56.00	56,000	56.00
Pref	erence Shares of ₹ 100 each	10,38,960	1,038.96	10,38,960	1,038.96
		_	1,094.96	_	1,094.96
(a) Reco	onciliation of equity share capital	_		-	
Equ	ity Shares				
Bala	nce at the beginning of the year	56,000	56.00	56,000	56.00
Char	nges in Equity ShareCapital due to prior period errors	-	30.50	30,000	30.170
Rest	ated balance at the beginningof the current reporting period	56.000	56.00	56,000	56.00
	: Shares issued during the year	30,000	30.00	30,000	
	nnce at the end of the reporting period	56,000	56.00	56,000	56.00
Prefe	erence Shares				
	nce at the beginning of the year	10.38.040	1.030.07	40.70.040	
	ages in Equity ShareCapital due to prior period errors	10,38,960	1,038.96	10,38,960	1,038.96
	ated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period		-		
		10,38,960	1,038.96	10,38,960	1,038.96
	: Shares issued during the year			-	
Bala	ance at the end of the reporting period	10,38,960	1,038.96	10,38,960	1,038.96

#### (b) Terms and rights attached to equity shares

(e) Shares held by promoters at the end of the year

# **Equity Shares**

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 100 per share and confer similar right as to dividend and voting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of the equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

The Company has only one class of Non-cumulative participating compulsorily convertible preference shares having a face value of ₹ 100 per share. The preference shares carries a preferential right to receive a dividend of 8% in case of payment of dividend to equity shareholders and shall stand increase to the rate of dividend paid to equity share holders subject to a maximum of 12%. The preference shares shall be compulsorily convertible at par after a period of 20 years from the date of allotment being 13 November 2013 or earlier on such date as may be fixed by the Board of Directors. The preference shares shall have, on winding up, a preferential right to the repayment of capital paid up there on in preference to the equity share, but shall not have any such right to participate in the surplus, if remaining, after payment of entire capital.

# (c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

	As at 31 Ma	As at 31 March 2024		ch 2023
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Equity shares of ₹ 100 each				
Placid Limited	18,600	33.21%	18,600	33.21%
The General Investment Company Limited	10,440	18.64° a	10,440	18.64° o
The Kishore Trading Company Limited	8,760	15.64%	8,760	15.640 0
M.B. Commercial Co. Limited	3,600	6.43° o	3,600	6.43° a
	41,400	73.93%	41,400	73.93%
Preference shares of ₹ 100 each				
Kiran Vyapar Limited (Holding Company)	10,38,960	100.0000	10,38,960	ه °00.00° ه
	10,38,960	100.00%	10,38,960	100.00%
d) No additional shares were allotted as fully paid up by you of hours shares o	a purpusant to appearant with a second	1 1	1 1 1 6	

(d) No additional shares were allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares or pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash during the last five years. Further, none of the shares were bought back by the Company during the last five years. As at 31 March 2024

)	Shares held by promoters at the end of the year	As at 31 March 2024			As at 31 March 2023		
	Equity shares of ₹ 100 each						
	Promoter name	Number	% of total	% Change	Number	% of total shares	% Change
	Placid Limited	18,600	33.21	-	18,600	33.21	
	The General Investment Co. Limited	10,440	18.64	-	10,440	18.64	_
	The Kishore Trading Co Limited	8,760	15.64	-	8,760	15.64	-
	M. B. Commercial Co. Limited	3,600	6.43	-	3,600	6.43	_
	Lakshmi Niwas Bangur	2,800	5.00	-	2,800	5.00	-
	Shreeyash Bangur	2,800	5.00	-	2,800	5.00	-
	Alka Devi Bangur	2,400	4.29	-	2,400	4.29	_
	Amalgamated Development Limited	1,600	2.86		1,600	2.86	_
	Lakshmi Niwas Bangur HUF	1,440	2.57	-	1,440	2.57	_
	Yogesh Bangur	1,200	2.14	_	1,200	2.14	
	Bangur Family Welfare Turst	800	1.43	_	800	1.43	_
	The Swadeshi Commercial Co. Limited	600	1.07	-	600	1.07	_

Preference shares of < 100 each						
Promoter Name	Number	% of total	% Change	Number	% of total shares	% Change
Kiran Vyapar Limited (Holding Company)	10,38,960	100.00° o	-	10,38,960	100.00° o	-
	10,38,960	100.00%		10,38,960	100.00%	_





# Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
15 Other equity		
General reserve	284.57	284.57
Securities premium	6,961.03	6,961.03
Imparment Reserve	75.86	12.51
Statutory reserves	594.51	594.51
Retained earnings	1,350.23	1,537.23
Other comprehensive income	14,146.53	5,341.50
	23,412.74	14,731.36

# (a) Description of nature and purpose of each reserve:

# Retained earnings

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfer to general reserves, dividends and other distributions made to the shareholders.

#### General reserve

General reserve is created from time to time by way of transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. General reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income.

#### Statutory reserve

The Company is required to create a reserve in accordance with the provisions of Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly 20% of the profits after tax for the year is transferred to this reserve at the end of every reporting period.

#### Other comprehensive income

This represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, under an irrevocable option, net of amounts reclassified to retained earnings when such assets are disposed off, if any. Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

# Securities Premium

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognized in Securities Premium.



Shree Krishna Agency Limited
Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024
(All amounts in 7 lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# 16 Interest Income

		As at 31 March 2024	arch 2024			As at 31 March 2023	arch 2023	
	On Financial Assets measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial Assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	Total	On Financial Assets measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial On Financial Assets measured Assets measure at Amortised Cost at fair value through profit	On Financial Assets measured at fair value through profit or	Total
(a) Financials assets measured at Amortised Cost								
Interest on loans	•	266.17		266.17	•	346.12		346.12
Interest on Bank Deposit	,	18.43		18.43		16.16	•	16.16
		284.60	•	284.60		362.28		362.28







# Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
17 Dividend Income		
Dividend income on investments	56.75	33.91
	56.75	33.91
18 Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes		
(a) Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss (i) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss:		
- mutual funds	62.23	19.14
	62.23	19.14
Fair value changes:		
- Realised	60.84	19.14
- Unrealised	1.40	-
	62.23	19.14
19 Other income		
Rental income	1.94	2.04
Misc Receipt	0.04	-
	1.98	2.04





### Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		Year ended 31 March 2024		Year ended 31 March 2023			
		On financial liabilities measured at fair value througb profit or loss	On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	Total	On financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	Total
20	Finance costs			<u>,</u>			
	- Interest on borrowings	140.98 140.98	<u> </u>	140.98 140.98	25.89 25.89	<u> </u>	25.89 25.89
21	Impairment on financial instruments						
	Loans	-	-	-	3.71	-	3.71
			-	-	3.71		3.71

### Note:

The Company has categorised all its financial assets at low credit risks on account of no past trends of defaults by any parties. Therefore, the provision for expected credit loss has been made as per the Reserve Bank of India's prudential norms at 0.4% of the loan assets (which are not credit impaired).





### Shree Krishna Agency Limited Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024 (All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

valuation done by a certified actuary using projected unit credit method.

		Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
22	Employee benefits expenses		
	Salaries and wages	177.19	166.41
	Staff welfare expenses	0.73	1.56
		177.92	167.97
(a)	Defined benefits plans - Gratuity (unfunded)		
•	Gratuity plan is a defined benefit plan that provides for lump sum gratuity payment to employees made at the time	e of their exit by the way	of retirement (on

Aforesaid defined benefit plans typically expose the Company to actuarial risks such as pay as you go risk, salary risk, investment risk and longevity risk.

superannuation or otherwise), death or disability. The benefits are defined on the basis of their final salary and period of service and such benefits paid under the plan is not subject to the ceiling limit specified in the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Liability as on the Balance Sheet date is provided based on actuarial

Pay as you go risk	For unfunded schemes, financial planning could be difficult as the benefits payable will directly affect the revenue and this could be widely fluctuating from year to year. Moreover there may be an opportunity cost of better investment returns affecting adversely the cost of the scheme.
Salary risk	The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
Investment risk	The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds.
Longevity risk	The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality plan of the participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

The following tables summarise the components of defined benefit expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss/OCI and amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet for the respective plans:

	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
(i) Change in projected benefit obligation		
Projected benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	21.38	15.81
Current service cost	4.27	4.17
Interest cost	1.53	1.11
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from assumption changes	0.19	(0.12)
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from experience adjustments	(0.28)	0.42
Benefits paid	(0.64)	-
Projected benefit obligation at the end of the year	26.44	21.38
(ii) Components of net cost charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Employee benefits expense:		
- Current service costs	4.27	4.17
- Defined benefit costs recognized Statement of Profit and Loss		-
Finance costs		
- Interest costs	1.53	1.11
- Interest income	-	-
Net impact on profit before tax	5.80	5.27





### Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
22	Employee benefits expenses (cont'd)		
(iii)	Components of net cost charged taken to Other comprehensive income		
	Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from assumption changes	0.19	(0.02)
	Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from experience adjustments	(0.28)	9.46
		-0.09	9.44
(iv)	Key actuarial assumptions		
	Discount rate	6.97° o	7.16° o
	Salary growth rate	8.000 0	8.00%
	Retirement age	58 years	58 years
		As at	As at
	Mortality rate:	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Less than 30 years	200	2° 0
	31-44 years	2° o	2° o
	45 years and above	2° °	200
(v)	Sensitivity analysis		

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is as shown below:

Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
27.55	22.22
25.53	20.69
25.51	20.68
27.55	22.21
26.54	21.45
26.35	21.31
26.45	21.38
26.43	21.37
	27.55 25.53 25.51 27.55 26.54 26.35 26.45

### Methods and assumptions used in preparing sensitivity analysis and their limitations:

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the Balance Sheet.

### (vi) Maturity analysis of the benefit payments:

Weighted average duration of the gratuity plan is 5 years (31 March 2023 - 9.46 years). Expected benefits payments for each such plans over the years is given in the table below:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Year 1	19.95	16.46
2 to 5 years	0.99	0.99
6 to 10 years	1.39	1.03
More than 10 years	19.56	15.62





### Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Depreciation expense   Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (refer note 7)   8.31			Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ende 31 March 202
Rent   0.07     Rates and taxes   1.27     Legal and professional   46.84     Travelling and conveyance   7.22     Printing and surronery   0.07     Insurance   1.24     Brokrage   3.75     Interest Written off   0.06     Miscellaneous   3.91     Payment to auditors:     - Stanutory audit   1.86     - Others   133.78    25	23	Depreciation expense		
Rent   0.07   Rates and taxes   1.27   Legal and professional   46.84   Travelling and conveyance   7.22   Printing and sationery   0.07   Insurance   1.24   Rookings   3.75   Interest Written off   0.06   Miscellaneous   3.91   Payment to auditors:   - Stantory audit   1.86   - Others   133.78    25		Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (refer note 7)	8.31	10.75
Rent			8.31	10.75
Rates and taxes	24	Other expenses		
Rates and taxes		Rent	0.07	0.06
Legal and professional   46.84     Travelling and conveyance   7.22     Printing and sationery   0.07     Insurance   1.24     Brokrage   3.75     Interest Written off   67.50     Sundries Written off   0.06     Miscellaneous   3.91     Payment to auditors:   1.86     Others   1.33.78    25 Tax expense   133.78    26 Current tax   70.00     Deferred tax   (0.91)     Prior year taxes   (0.86)     b) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) section:   (0.86)     Current tax expense   (2.309.12     On remeasurement of defined benefit plans   (0.02)     (ii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods :     Income tax expense reported in Other Comprehensive Income [(i) + (ii)]   2,309.10		Rates and taxes		1.19
Travelling and conveyance   7.22		Legal and professional		38.84
Printing and stationery         0.07           Insurance         1.24           Brokrage         3.75           Interest Written off         67.50           Sundries Written off         0.06           Miscellaneous         3.91           Payment to auditors:         -           - Statutory audit         1.86           - Others         133.78           25 Tax expense         (0.01)           (a) Current tax         70.00           Deferred tax         (0.91)           Pnor year taxes         (0.86)           (b) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) section:         (0.86)           (i) Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:         2,309.12           On remeasurement of defined benefit plans         (0.02)           (ii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:         -           Income tax expense reported in Other Comprehensive Income [(i) + (ii)]         2,309.10		Travelling and conveyance		1.75
Insurance   1.24     Brokrage   3.75     Interest Written off   67.50     Sundries Written off   0.06     Miscellaneous   3.91     Payment to auditors:       - Others   1.86     - Othe		Printing and stationery		0.07
Interest Written off		Insurance	1.24	1.34
Sundries Written off  Miscellaneous  Payment to auditors:  - Statutory audit  Others  - Others  - Others  - Statutory audit  Tax expense  (a) Current tax  Deferred tax  Prior year taxes  (0.91)  Prior year taxes  (0.86)  (b) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) section:  (i) Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Current tax expense/(income):  On remeasurement of defined benefit plans  (ii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Lagonal Current tax expense/(income):  2,309.10  (iii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Income tax expense reported in Other Comprehensive Income [(i) + (ii)]  2,309.10		Brokrage	3.75	
Miscellaneous 3.91  Payment to auditors: - Statutory audit 1.86 - Others 1.86 - Others 1.33.78  25		Interest Written off	67.50	
Payment to auditors: - Statutory audit - Others    133.78		Sundries Written off	0.06	
- Starutory audit - Others  - Others  - Starutory audit - Others  - Others  - 133.78  25 Tax expense  (a) Current tax - 70.00 - Deferred tax - (0.91) - Prior year taxes  (0.86)  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.86  - 10.		Miscellaneous	3.91	7.41
- Others 133.78  25 Tax expense  (a) Current tax 70.00 Deferred tax (0.91) Prior year taxes (0.86)  (b) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) section: (i) Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Current tax expense/(income): 2,309.12 On remeasurement of defined benefit plans (0.02) (ii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  [1,309.10] (iii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: [2,309.10] [3,309.10] [4,309.10]		Payment to auditors:		
133.78		- Statutory audit	1.86	1.77
25 Tax expense  (a) Current tax 70.00 Deferred tax (0.91) Prior year taxes (0.86)  (b) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) section: (i) Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Current tax expense/(income): 2,309.12 On remeasurement of defined benefit plans (0.02) (ii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  1. Income tax expense reported in Other Comprehensive Income [(i) + (ii)] 2,309.10		- Others		
(a) Current tax			133.78	52.43
Deferred tax   (0.91)   (0.96)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.86)   (0.8	25	Tax expense		
Prior year taxes (0.86)  68.24  b) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) section:  (i) Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent penods:  Current tax expense/(income):  On remeasurement of defined benefit plans  (ii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  2,309.12  (iii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Income tax expense reported in Other Comprehensive Income [(i) + (ii)]  2,309.10	(a)	Current tax	70.00	40.00
b) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) section:  (i) Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Current tax expense/(income):  On remeasurement of defined benefit plans  (ii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  2,309.12  (ii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Income tax expense reported in Other Comprehensive Income [(i) + (ii)]  2,309.10		Deferred tax	(0.91)	(2.96
b) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) section:  (i) Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Current tax expense/(income):  On remeasurement of defined benefit plans  (ii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Income tax expense reported in Other Comprehensive Income [(i) + (ii)]  2,309.10		Prior year taxes	(0.86)	13.70
(i) Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Current tax expense/(income):  On remeasurement of defined benefit plans  (i) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Income tax expense reported in Other Comprehensive Income [(i) + (ii)]  2,309.10			68.24	50.73
Current tax expense/(income):  On remeasurement of defined benefit plans  (i) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Income tax expense reported in Other Comprehensive Income [(i) + (ii)]  2,309.10	(ъ) С	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) section:		
On remeasurement of defined benefit plans  (i) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Income tax expense reported in Other Comprehensive Income [(i) + (ii)]  (ii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  1. Comprehensive Income [(i) + (ii)]  (iii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		(i) Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
(ii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Income tax expense reported in Other Comprehensive Income [(i) + (ii)]  2,309.10		Current tax expense/(income):	2,309.12	475.67
(ii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Income tax expense reported in Other Comprehensive Income [(i) + (ii)]  2,309.10		On remeasurement of defined benefit plans	(0.02)	0.07
(ii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:  Income tax expense reported in Other Comprehensive Income [(i) + (ii)] 2,309.10		•		475.75
Income tax expense reported in Other Comprehensive Income [(i) + (ii)] 2,309.10		(ii) Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods :		
Income tax expense reported in retained earnings 2,377.33			2,309.10	475.75
		Income tax expense reported in retained earnings	2,377.33	526.48
The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expense based on the domestic effective tax rate of 25.17% and				

for financial year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 respectively and the reported tax expense in profit or loss are as follows:

### Reconciliation of income tax provision to the amount computed by applying the statutory tax rate:

Profit before tax	(55.41)	156.62
Enacted tax rates in India (%)	25.17° a	25.17%
Computed tax expense	(13.95)	39.42
Prior year tax	(0.86)	13.70
Reversal of deferred tax on unrealised income of mutual funds for trading	-	(2.08)
Other adjustments	83.04	(0.31)
Total income tax expense as per the Statement of Profit and Loss	68.24	50.73

Note:

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The Company elected to exercise the option permitted under Section 115BAA of the Income-tax Act, 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2019. Accordingly, the Company has re-measured its deferred tax assets basis the rate prescribed in the said section. The full impact of this change has been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year.

### (b) Details of income tax balances

Weighted average number of shares outstanding for diluted EPS

Basic earnings per share  $(\overline{\mathfrak{c}})$ 

Diluted earnings per share (₹)

7		
Current tax liabilities:		
Opening balance	_	12.44
Add: Refund order issued	-	0.58
Add: Provision for mx	70.00	
Less: Advance tax paid	(10.00)	
Less: Taxes deducted at source	(35.74)	0.75
Add: Adjustment of earlier year		1.23
Less: Self Asst Tax		(15.00)
	24.26	
Current tax assets:		
Opening balance	2.47	12.49
Less: Refund order issued	_	(0.03)
Less: Tax Adjustment of Earlier Year	(9.47)	(12.46)
Add: Tax paid of earlier year	7.00	` - ´
Add: Taxes deducted at source		42.47
Less: Provision for tax		(40.00)
		2.47
Earnings per share (EPS)		
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders		
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders (in ₹ lacs)	(55.41)	246.25
Nominal value of equity share (₹)	100.00	100.00
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	56,000	56,000
Weighted average number of potential equity shares on account of Preference	10,38,960	10.38,960

10,94,960

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(98.95)

(5.06)

10,94,960

439.74

22.49

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### 27 Related party disclosures

Information on related party transactions as required by Ind AS - 24 - Related Party Disclosures for the year ended 31 March 2024

### (a) List of related parties

### (i) Holding Company

Name of the related party Kiran Vyapar Limited

(ii) Parties where control exists % of holding as on Name of the related party 31-Mar-24 31-Mar-23 Subsidiaries (\*) Amnipay Greenfield Private Limited 99.53° a 99.53° o Divyay Greenenes Private Limited 100.00° o 100.00° o Sarvay Greenhub Private Limited 99.75°n 99.75° a Associates (\*) LNB Renewable Energy Limited 29.32° o 29.32° o

(\*) All the subsidiary and associate Companies have been incorporated in India.

### (iii) Entities under common control

### Name of the related party

Anantay Greenview Private Limited

Samay Industries Limited

### (iv) Enterprises over which KMP or relatives of KMP exercise control/significant influence:

### Name of the related party

Amalgamated Development Limited

Akruray Greenhub Private Limited

Anantay Greenview Private Limited

Apurva Export Private Limited

Dharay Greenline Private Limited

Dishay Greenhub Private Limited

Jagatguru Greenpark Private Limited

LNB Real Estate Private Limited

LNB Realty LLP

Maharaia Shree Umaid Mills Limited

Mahate Greenview PVt LTd

Manifold Agricrops Private Linuted

Magma Realty PVr LTd

M B Commercials Co. Limited

Naviyoti Commodity Management Services Limited

Palimarwar Solar House Private Limited

Palimarwar Solar Projects Private Limited

Parmath Wind Energy Private Limited

Placid Limited

Purnay Greenfield Private Limited

Raghabay Greenview Private Limited

Satyawatche Greeneries Private Limited Sidhidata Tradecomm Limited

Sidhyayi Greenview Private Limited

Shreeshay Greenhub Private Limited

Sukhday Greenview Private Limited

Subhprada Greenenes Private Limited

Sulabhay Greenlake Private Limited

Sundaray Greencity Private Limited

Suruchay Greenenes Pvt. Ltd.
The General Investment Co. Limited

The Pena Karamalai Tea & Produce Co Limited

The Kishore Trading Co Limited

Urtaray Greenpark Private Limited Virochanave

Winsome Park Private Ltd

Yasheshvi Greenhub Private Limited

### (v) Kev management personnel

, itely manufactures personner		
Name of the related party	Designation	
Likshmi Niwas Bangur	Managing Director	
Brij Mohan Sharma	Director	
Ramesh Chandra Sharma	Director	
Surya Prakash Pasan	Director	
Ramaytar Holani	Director	
Vikash Rathi	Chief Financial Officer	

(vi) Relative of key management personnel

,passame	
Nature	
Relative of Director	
Relative of Director	
Relative of Director	
	Relative of Director Relative of Director





### Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

27 Related party disclosures (cout'd)
Information on related party transactions as required by Ind AS - 24 · Related Party Disclosures for the year ended 31 March 2024

### (b) Transactions with related parties

Name of the party/Nature of transaction	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Holding Company:		
Loan taken	400.00	3,800.00
Loan taken repaid	3,900.00	300,00
Interest expenses on loan taken	12.00	5.71
Dividend received	3.03	4.55
Reimbursement of expenses	3.59	-
Entities under common control:		
Loans given	2.00	11.00
Loan given recovered	130.00	
Interest income on loans given	9.15	9.08
Share Purchase		
Printing & Stationery	0.02	0.01
Enterprises over which KMP or relatives of KMP exercise control/significant influence:		
Loan taken	1,891.00	2,893.00
Loan taken repaid	555 00	2,070.00
Interest expenses on loan taken	128.99	12.89
Loans given	11,211.70	6,408.50
Loan given recovered	11,995.63	6,758.07
Interest income on loans given	172.80	214.45
Rental Income	0.64	0.64
Rent expenses	0.07	0.06
Electric Expenses	0.54	0.54
Investment in equity shares		
Sale of Share		
Dividend received	0.27	0.53
Rght ssue	-	174.74
Advance		375.00
Advance given reed back	375.00	
Subsidiary Companies:		
Loans given	3.00	_
Interest income on loans given	0.02	-
Associates		
Loans given	1,875.00	5,282.50
Loan given recovered	1,375.00	5,282.50
Interest income on loans given	7.79	8.19
Loan taken		750.00
Loan taken repaid		850.00
Interest expenses on loan raken		7.18
Rental Income	0.12	0.12
Key management personnel		
Sitting fees	0.29	0.20
Reimburshment of Expenses	0.94	0.66
Remunection	131.90	127 55

### Shree Krishna Agency Limited

Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in  $\overline{\varepsilon}$  lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

27 Related party disclosures (cont'd)

Information on related party transactions as required by Ind AS - 24 - Related Party Disclosures for the year ended 31 March 2024

### (c) Balances of related parties

Name of the party/Nature of balance	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Enterprises over which KMP or relatives of KMP exercise control/significant influence:		
Loans given (including interest accrued)	2,71950	3,628.43
Loan taken (including accrued interest)	2,159.00	4,323.00

(d) Compensation paid to Key Managerial Personnel	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Short term benefits	132 19	127.75
Post reprement benefits	3.42	3.39
Other Benefit	2.96	2.94





### Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### 28 Fair value measurement

### (a) Category wise classification of financial instruments

	Particulars	Note	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
A.	Financial assets:			
	Carried at amortised cost			
	Cash and cash equivalents	3	1,999.44	962.59
	Loans	4	3,602.58	5,036.89
	Investments in subsidiaries	5	59.44	59.44
	Other financial assets	6	14.19	388.08
			5,675.65	6,447.00
	Carried at cost:			
	Investments in subsidiaries and associates	5	3,346.00	3,346.00
			3,346.00	3,346.00
	Carried at FVOCI			
	Investments in equity instruments	5	20,789.84	11,726.16
			20,789.84	11,726.16
			30,382.89	21,519.16
B.	Financial liabilities			
	Measured at amortised cost			
	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	9	2,159.00	4,323.00
	Other financial liabilities	10	31.48	21.77
			2,190.48	4,344.77

### (b) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation sale. Methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values are consistent in all the years. Fair value of financial instruments referred to in note (a) above has been classified into three categories depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities and lowest priority to unobservable entity specific inputs.

Particulars	As at	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Level 1 (Quoted prices in active market)			
Financial assets measured at FVOCI			
Investments in quoted equity instruments	1,124.39	773.71	
Financial assets measured at FVTPL			
Investments in mutual funds	571.40	-	
Level 3 (Significant observable inputs)			
Financial assets measured at FVOCI			
Investments in unquoted equity instruments	19,665.46	10.952.49	
Investments in preference instruments	-	-	
	21,361.24	11,726.20	

### (c) Fair value of assets and liabilities measured at cost/amortised cost

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amount would be significantly different from the values that would be eventually received or settled. Management assessed that fair values of cash and cash equivalents, bank deposits, loans, trade receivables, and other financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts of these instruments.

### (d) Valuation process and technique used to determine fair value for investments valued using significant unobservable inputs (level

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

(i) Investments in unquoted equity and preference instruments of operational entities are valued by discounting the aggregate future cash flows (both principal and interest cash flows) with risk-adjusted discounting rate and weighted average. Net Assets Value(NAV).





### Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### 29 Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

	Particulars	As at 31 M	arch 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
		Within	After	Within	After
		12 months	12 months	12 months	12 months
ASSE	TS				
Finar	acial Assets				
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	1,999.44	_	962.59	_
(b)	Loans (*)	3,599.08	3.50	5,033.39	3.50
(c)	Investments	571.40	24,195.28	-	15,131.60
(d)	Other financial assets	14.19		388.08	_
		6,184.11	24,198.78	6,384.06	15,135.10
Non-	financial Assets				
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	-	-	-	2.47
(c)	Property, plant and equipment	-	18.11	-	22.48
(d)	Other non-financial assets	1.84	0.10	-	1.83
		1.84	18.21	•	26.78
	Total Assets	6,185.95	24,216.99	6,384.06	15,161.88
LIAB	ILITIES				
Finan	cial Liabilities				
(a)	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	2,159.00	-	107.44	-
(b)	Other financial liabilities	30.28	1.20	18.88	1.20
		2,189.28	1.20	126.32	1.20
Non-	Financial Liabilities				
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)	24.26	_	-	_
(b)	Provisions	-	26.44	-	21.37
(c)	Deferred tax liabilities (net)		3,654.06	-	1,345.94
(d)	Other non-financial liabilities	-	_	-	7.55
		24.26	3,680.50		1,374.86
	Total liabilities	2,213.54	3,681.70	126.32	1,376.06
	Equity	3,972.41	20,535.29	6,257.74	13,785.82
	Total Liabilities & Equity	6,185.95	24,216.99	6,384.06	15,161.88
	(*) Loans given above is gross of provision.				





### Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### 30 Financial risk management

The Company is a Non - Banking Financial Company, Non Deposit taking, categorised as Middle Layer (NBFC - ND - ML) persuant to para 2.8 of Master Direction -Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company- Scale Based Regulation) Direction, 2023 and is registered with Reserve Bank of India. On account of it's business activities it is exposed to various financial risks associated with financials products such as credit or default risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and inflationary risk. However, the Company has a robust financial risk management system in place to identify, evaluate, manage and mitigate various risks associated with its financial products to ensure that desired financial objectives are met. The Company's senior management is responsible for establishing and monitoring the risk management framework within its overall risk management objectives and strategies, as approved by the Board of Directors. Such risk management strategies and objectives are established to identify and analyse potential risks faced by the Company, set and monitor appropriate risk limits and controls, periodically review the changes in market conditions and assess risk management performance. Any change in Company's risk management objectives and policies needs prior approval of it's Board of Directors.

### (a) Credit risk

This risk is common to all investors who invest in bonds and debt instruments and it refers to a situation where a particular bond issuer is unable to make the expected principal payments, interest rate payments, or both. Similarly, a lender bears the risk that the borrower may default in the payment of contractual interest or principal on its debt obligations, or both. The entity continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

### Financial instruments

Risk concentration is minimized by investing in highly rated, investment grade bonds and debt instruments, particularly Government and PSU Bonds which has the least risk of default. The Company lends to borrowers with a good credit score and generally most of the lending is secured against assets pledged by the borrower in favour of the Company. These investments and loans are reviewed by the Board of Directors on a regular basis.

### (b) Market risk:

Market risk is a form of systematic risk associated with the day-to-day fluctuation in the market prices of shares and securities and such market risk affects all securities and investors in the same manner. These daily price fluctuations follows its own broad trends and cycles and are more news and transaction driven rather than fundamentals and many a times, it may affect the returns from an investment. Market risks majorly comprises of two types - interest rate risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risks include borrowings and investments.

### a. Borrowings

Particulars	As at	Asat
Borrowings at fixed interest rate	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Borrowings at fixed interest rate	2,159.00	4,323.00
Total borrowings	2,159.00	4,323.00
Percentage of borrowings at variable interest rate	0.00%	0.00%

### (iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market traded price. It arises from financial assets such as investments in equity instruments, bonds, mutual funds etc. The Company is exposed to price risk arising mainly from investments carried at fair value through FVTPL or FVOCI which are valued using quoted prices in active markets (level 1 investments). A sensitivity analysis demonstrating the impact of change in market prices of these instruments from the prices existing as at the reporting date is given below:

Particulars	Carrying	value as at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Investments carried at FVTPL or FVOCI valued using quoted prices in active market	1,695.78	773.71
Particulars	comprehensiv	nalysis on total re income upon f market prices
	Increase by 10%	Decrease by 10%
Impact on total comprehensive income for year ended 31 March 2024	169.58	(169.58)
Impact on total comprehensive income for year ended 31 March 2023	77.37	(77.37)

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### Shree Krishna Agency Limited

Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### 30 Financial risk management (cont'd)

### (c) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity refers to the readiness of the Company to sell and realise its financial assets. Liquidity risk is one of the most critical risk factors for Companies which is into the business of investments in shares and securities. It is the risk of not being able to realise the true price of a financial asset, or is not being able to sell the financial asset at all because of non-availability of buyers. Unwillingness to lend or restricted lending by Banks and Financial Institutions may also lead to liquidity concerns for the entities.

The Company maintains a well-diversified portfolio of investments in shares and securities which are saleable at any given point of time. A dedicated team of market experts are monitoring the markets on a continuous basis, which advers the parameters for timely purchase or sale of securities. The Company is currently having a mix of both short-term and long-term investments. The transfer experts are manage it's cash flows and asset liability patterns to ensure

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The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts reported are on gross and undiscounted basis.

Particulars	Less than 1 year	Between 1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Tota
As at 31 March 2024				
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	2,159.00	-	-	2,159.00
Other financial liabilities	31.48	-	-	31.48
	2,190.48	-	-	2,190.48
As at 31 March 2023				
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	4,323.00	-	-	4,323.00
Other financial liabilities	21.77	-	-	21.77
	4,344.77	-	-	4,344.77

### (d) Inflationary risk:

Inflationary or purchasing power risk refers to the variation in investor returns caused by inflation. It is the risk that results in increase of the prices of goods and services which results in decrease of purchasing power of money, and likely negatively impact the value of investments. The two important sources of inflation are rising costs of production and excess demand for goods and services in relation to their supply. Inflation and interest rate risks are closely related as interest rates generally go up with inflation.

The Company closely monitors the inflation data and analyses the reasons for wide fluctuations thereof and its effect on various sectors and businesses. The main objective is to avoid inflationary risk and accordingly invest in securities and debt instruments that provides higher returns as compared to the inflation in long-term.

### 31 Capital management

For the purpose of Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity share capital, other equity reserves and borrowed capital less cash and cash equivalents. The primary objective of capital management is to maintain an efficient capital structure to reduce the cost of capital, support corporate expansion strategies and to maximize shareholder's value.

The entity manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the entity may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The entity monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The entity's policy is to keep an optimum gearing ratio. The entity includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

Following table summarizes the capital structure of the Company.

Particulars	As at	As at
a wide with the second	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Borrowings	2,159.00	4,323.00
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	1,999.44	962.59
Adjusted net debt	159.56	3,360.41
Total equity (*)	24,507.70	15,826.32
Net debt to equity ratio	0.65%	21.23%

(\*) Equity includes capital and all reserves of the Company that are managed as capital.





Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in  $\overline{\epsilon}$  crores, unless otherwise stated)

Additional disclosures pursuant to the RBI guidelines and notifications: [Annex XXII of Master Direction - Reserve Bank of 32 India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023]

(Being given pursuant to paragraph 2.8 of the Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023)

		As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(i)	•		
	Capital to Risk/Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) (%)	90.55° o	21.63° o
	CRAR-Tier   Capital (%)	89.58° o	20.99%
	CRAR-Tier Il Capital (%)	0.97° o	0.64° o
	Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier-II Capital	-	-
	Amount raised by issue of Perpetual Debt Instruments  (*) CRAR has been calculated based on RBI clarification issued vide nonification dated 13th March, 2020	-	-
(ii)	Investments		
	A. Value of Investments		
	Gross Value of Investments:		
	a) In India	247.67	151.32
	b) Outside India		-
	Provisions for Depreciation:		
	a) In India		-
	b) Outside India		-
	Net Value of Investments		
	a) In India	247.67	151.32
	b) Outside India	_	
	B. Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments		
	Opening Balance	_	
	Add: Provisions made during the year		
	Less: Write-off/Write-back of excess provisions during the year	_	
	Closing Balance		
(iii)	Derivatives		
	The Company does not have any derivatives exposure in the current and previous year.		
(iv)	Asset Liability Management		
	Disclosures relating to maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities are given in note 33.		
(v)	Exposures		
	A) Exposure to Real Estate Sector		
	Category		
	a) Direct Exposure		
	i) Residential Mortgages-	-	4
	Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented. Exposure would also include non-fund based (NFB) Limits.		
	ii) Commercial Real Estate		
	Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estates (office buildings, retail space, multi-purpose commercial premises, multi-family residential buildings, multi-tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development and construction, etc.). Exposure would also include		
	non-fund based limits		
	iii) Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities		
	a) Residential		+
	b) Commercial Real Estate	-	
	b) In- Direct Exposure [Pursunat to Annex VII of Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023]		
	Fund based and non-fund based exposure on National Housing bank and Housing Finace Companies	-	-
	Total exposure to Real estate sector	-	-





### Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ crores, unless otherwise stated)

### 32 Additional disclosures pursuant to the RBI guidelines and notifications: (cont'd)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
B) Exposure to Capital Market		
i) direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity-oriented mutual fund corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt;	s the 11.24	7.74
ii) advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in sha (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds:	ares -	-
iii) advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity orient mutual funds are taken as primary security:	nted -	-
iv) advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances;	emble	
v) secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers.	-	
vi) loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean bas meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources:	is for	-
vii) bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / issues:	-	-
viii) all exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and unregistered)	-	
[Pursunat to Annex VII of Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scal Based Regulation) Directions, 2023] Point No. ix), x) and xi)	e	
ix) Underwriting commitments taken up by the NBFCs in respect of primary issue of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds		-
x) Financing to stockbrokers for margin trading	-	-
xi) All exposure to Alternative Investment Funds (i) Category I (ii) Category II (iii) Category III		
Total Exposure to Capital Market	11.24	7.74

### C) Details of financing of parent company products

The Company does not have any financing of parent company product and accordingly no disclosures required.

### D) Details of Single Borrower Limit (SBL)/Group Borrower Limit (GBL) exceeded by the NBFC

There are no instances of exceeding the single and group borrowing limit by the Company during the current and previous year.

### E) Unsecured Advances

The Company does not have any unsecured advances for which intangible securities such as charge over rights, license, authority, etc. has been taken.

### A) Registration obtained from other financial sector regulators

The Company does not have any registrations obtained from other financial sector regulators.

### B) Disclosure of Penalties imposed by RBI and other regulators

There have been no penalues imposed on the Company by RBI or other financial sector regulators during the current and previous year.

### C) Related Party Transactions

Details of all material related party transactions are disclosed in note 27.

### D) Ratings assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of ratings during the year

The Company has not obtained credit ratings from any agencies during the year.

### E) Remuneration of Directors

Details relating to remuneration of directors are disclosed in note 27.

### F) Management

Details relating to management discussion and analysis forms part of the annual report.

### G) Net Profit or Loss for the period, prior period items and changes in accounting policies

Details relating to Net Profit or Loss for the period, prior period items and changes in accounting policies forms part of the Annual Report

H) Revenue Recognition
Details relating to Revenue Recognition forms part of the Annual Report

In accordance with the exemption provided by the Notification No. G.S.R. 742(E) dated 27/07/2016 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Company, being an intermediate partially-owned Subsidiary, need not prepare Consolidated Financial Statement of its own because Holding Company Kiran Vyapar Limited has prepared Consolidated Financial Statement.





Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in  $\overline{\mathsf{x}}$  crores, unless otherwise stated)

32	Additional disclosures pursuant to the RBI
(vii)	Additional Disclosures

rii)	Additional Disclosures	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
	A) Provisions and Contingencies  Break up of 'Provisions and Contingencies' shown under the head Expenditure in Statement of Profit		
	and Loss		
	Provisions for depreciation on Investment Provision towards NPA		-
	Provision made towards Income tax	0.70	0.40
	Other Provision and Contingencies (employee benefits)	0.06	0.40
	Provision for loan losses or impairment on financial instruments	0.00	0.03
			1,609
	B) Draw Down from Reserves There have been no instances of draw down from reserves by the Company dunng the current and previous year.		
	C) Concentration of Advances, Exposures and NPAs a) Concentration of Advances		
	Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers	36.30	50.64
	Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances	100.00° a	100.00%
	b) Concentration of Exposures		
	Total exposure to twenty largest borrowers/customers	38.43	92.91
	Percentage of exposures to twenty largest borrowers / customers to Total Exposure	100.00%	100.009
	c) Concentration of NPAs		
	Total exposure to top four NPA accounts	1.89	0.86
	d) Sector-wise NPAs		of NPAs to Total in that sector
	i) Agriculture & allied activities		
	ii) MSME	-	-
	iii) Corporate borrowers	98.14° o	-
	iv) Services		
	v) Unsecured personal loans	*	-
	vi) Auto loans		
	vii) Other personal loans	1.86° o	100°
		As at	As a
	A. CATTA	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	e) Movement of NPAs		
	i) Ner NPAs to Net Advances (%)	2.80%	1.31%
	ii) Movement of NPAs (Gross)	0.04	0.04
	a) Opening Balance	0.86	0.04
	b) Additions during the year c) Reductions during the year	1.03	0.82
	d) Closing balance	1.89	0.86
		1.07	0.80
	iii) Movement of Net NPAs		
	a) Opening Balance	0.66	-
	b) Additions during the year	0.33	0.66
	c) Reductions during the year d) Closing balance	0.99	0.66
		0.99	0.00
	iv) Movement of provisions for NPAs (excluding provisions on standard assets)	n 20	
	a) Opening Balauce	0.20 0.70	0.04
	b) Provisions made during the year	0.70	0.16
	c) Write-off/write-back of excess provisions		- 0.20
	d) Closing balance  f) Overseas Assets (for those with Joint Ventures and Subsidiaries abroad)	0.90	0.20

### (viii) Disclosure of Customer Compliants

The Company did not have any overseas assets

a) No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	Nil
b) No. of complaints received during the year	Nil
c) No. of complaints redressed during the year	Nil
d) No. of complaints pending at the end of the year	Nil

g) Off-balance sheet SPVs sponsored (which are required to be consolidated as per accounting norms) The Company did not sponsor any SPVs during the





Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ crores, unless otherwise stated)

# 32 Additional disclosures pursuant to the RBI guidelines and notifications:

Disclosures given pursuant to Annexure VII of the Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023

### Related Party Disclosure

													(Amounts in 4 crore)	n < crore)
Related Party	Paren ownershi	Parent (as per ownership or control)	Subsidiaries	ies	Associates/	Associates/ Joint ventures	Key Mar Perso	Key Management Personnel <sup>©</sup>	Relatives of Ke Management Personnel <sup>(a)</sup>	Relatives of Key Management Personnel <sup>(#)</sup>	Others*		H	Total
Items	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-23
Borrowings														
-Cutstanding at the year end		35.00									21.59	8.23	21.59	43.23
-Maximum Outstanding during the year	35.00	38.00				7.50				-	27.25	28.48	62.25	73.98
Deposits														
-Outstanding at the year end		,		Ī	,	,					-			
-Maximum Outstanding during the year	,								·					
Placement of deposits														
-Outstanding at the year end														
-Maximum Outstanding during the year			,											
Advances														
-Outstanding at the year end								٠			27.17	36.28	27.17	36.28
-Maximum Outstanding during the year	-	-			0.50	48.75		,	,		62.08	63.94	68.58	112.69
Investments														
-Outstanding at the year end	5.38	4.12	9.05	9.05	25.00	25.00	1				198.40	93.00	237.83	131.17
-Maximum Outstanding during the year	5.38	4.12	9.05	9.05	25.00	25.00					198.40	93.00	237.83	131.17
Purchase of fixed/other assets														
Sale of fixed/other assets														
Interest paid	0.12	90'0				70.0			-		1.29	0.13	1.41	0.26
Interest received	-			0.00	80.0	0.08					1.82	2.24	1.90	2.32
Others										İ				
Deals in Shares	-	i.		1								1.75		1.75
Advance	-		-		-	-						3.75		3.75
Receipts	0.03	0.05	-		0.00	0.00					0.01	0.01	0.04	90.0
Payments	0.04			-		-	1.33	1.28	-		0.01	1.74	1.37	3.03





Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ crores, unless otherwise stated)

32 Disclosures given pursuant to Annexure VII of the Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation)
Directions, 2023

### A) Exposure:-

1) Sectoral exposure:-

	A	s at 31 March 2024		As a	at 31 March 2	2023
Sectors	Total Exposure (includes on balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposure) (₹ crore)	Gross NPAs (₹ crore)	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total exposure in that sector	Total Exposure (includes on balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposure) (₹ crore)	Gross NPAs (₹ crore)	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total exposure in that sector
I. Agriculture and Allied Activities						
2. Industry						
i. Textile	-	-	-	-		-
i. Other		-	-	-		-
Total of Industry				-		
3. Services						
. Computer Software	_	_	-	_	_	_
i. NBFC	_	-	_	15.00	_	_
l'otal of Services(i+ii)		-		15.00	-	
. Personal Loans						
Advances to Individuals against Sbares, Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-
i. Other	0.04	0.04	100%	0.04	0.04	100%
Total of Personal Loans	0.04	0.04		0.04	0.04	
i. Others						
Real estate	-	_	_	-	_	_
Other	36.26	1.85	5.10%	35.61	0.82	2.29
Total of Other	36.26	1.85		35.61	0.82	
B) Intra-group exposures:-					As at	As a

B) Intra-group exposures:-	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
i) Total amount of intra-group exposures	265.02	167.45
ii) Total amount of top 20 intra-group exposures	265.02	167.45
iii) Percentage of intra-group exposures to total exposure of the NBFC on borrowers/customers	76.31%	84.55%

### C) Unhedged foreign currency exposure

The Company do not have any Unhedged foreign currency exposure in Current year & previous year.

### D) Related Party Disclosures

Details of all material related party disclosures are given in note 32.

### (ix) Summary information on complaints received by the NBFCs from customers and from the Offices of Ombudsman

Complaints received by the NBFC from its customers	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
a) No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	-	
b) No. of complaints received during the year	-	
c) No. of complaints redressed during the year		-
c.1)Of which, number of complaints rejected by the NBFC		
d) No. of complaints pending at the end of the year		
Maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of Ombudsman		
e) Number of maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of Ombudsman		
e.1)Of which, number of complaints resolved in favour of the NBFC by Office of Ombudsman		-
e.2)Of which, number of complaints resolved through conciliation/mediation/advisories issued by Office of Ombudsman		
e.2)Of which, number of complaints resolved after passing of Awards by Office of Ombudsman against the NBFC	-	-

### Note

(a) Amounts for the current year and comparative years included above are based on financial statements prepared under Ind AS.

### 2) Top five grounds2 of complaints received by the NBFCs from customers- Not Applicable

f) Number of Awards unimplemented within the stipulated time (other than those appealed)

Miscellaneous - Additional disclosures pursuant to the RBI circular RBI/2021-22/112 DOR.CRE.REC.No.60/03.10.001/2021-22 dated October 22, 2021

A) Disclosures relating to Corporate Governance Report containing composition and category of directors, shareholding of non-executive directors, etc:
Separate Corporate Governance Report containing Composition and Category of Directors, shareholding of Non Executive Directors etc forms part of the Annual Report

B) Disclosure on modified opinion, if any, expressed by auditors, its impact on various financial items and views of management on audit qualifications. The Auditors has not expressed any modified opinion.

C) Disclosures relating to items of income and expenditure of exceptional nature

There are no items of income and expenditure of exceptional nature during the Financial Year 2023-24.

D) Disclosures relating to breaches in terms of covenants in respect of loans availed by the Company or debt securities issued by the Company including incidence/s of default.

There are no such instance during the Financial Year 2023-24.

E) Disclosures relating to Divergence in asset classification and provisioning above a certain threshold to be decided by the Reserve Bank. There are no such instance during the Financial Year 2023-24.





Shree Krishna Agency Limited Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ crores, unless otherwise stated)

## 33 Asset liability management

madeling pattern of assets and natimely as on of march 2027.	willy as on or in	AICH 2027.									
Particulars	1 to 7 days 8 to 14 days	8 to 14 days	15 1	1 - 2 months	2 - 3 months	3 - 6 months	6 - 12 months	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	days to 1-2 months 2-3 months 3-6 months 6-12 months 1-3 years 3-5 years Over 5 years Total month	Total
Deposits	1	·			1	,		1		1	
Advances	29.08	1	1	1	1	1	7.22	1	1	ı	36.30
Investments	9.84	ı	1	,	1	ı	i	ı	196.65	41.17	247.67
Borrowings	21.59	ı	1	1	1	•	1	ı	1	Î	21.59
Foreign Currency assets	•	1	i	,	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1
Foreign Currency liabilities	1	1	ı	ı	ı	1	1	1	1	1	ı

Maturity pattern of assets and liability as on 31 March 2023	bility as on 31 M.	arch 2023									
Particulars	1 to 7 days	1 to 7 days 8 to 14 days	15 1	1 - 2 months	2 - 3 months	3 - 6 months	days to 1-2 months 2-3 months 3-6 months 6-12 months 1-3 years month	1-3 years	3 - 5 years	3-5 years Over 5 years Total	Total
Deposits	1			1	,					1	1
Advances	38.39	1	ı	ı	ı	,	12.25	1	1	ı	50.64
Investments	2.06	1	ı	ı	ı	1		1	109.52	39.73	151.32
Borrowings	43.23	•	ı	1	ı	1	1	1	•	1	43.23
Foreign Currency assets	,	i	ı	-1	1	1		•	,	í.	1
Foreign Currency liabilities	1	ı	,	,	1	7	i		-1	1	i

1. The above information has been considered as per the Asset Liability Management (ALM) Report compiled by the management and reviewed by the ALM Committee.





Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024 (All amounts in  $\overline{\epsilon}$  crores, unless otherwise stated)

34 Disclosures pursuant to Appendix II - A of Annexure II of the Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023

Asset Classification as per RBI norms for the year ended 31 March 2024

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms	Asset classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying Amount as per Ind AS (*)	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109	Net Carrying Amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E=C-D)	(F)	(G=D-F)
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	34.41	0.07	34.34	0.14	(0.06)
Standard	Stage 2		- 1	-	-	` - '
Subtotal (A)		34.41	0.07	34.34	0.14	(0.06)
Non-Performing Assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3	1.10	0.17	0.94	0.11	0.06
Loss	Stage 3	0.79	0.04	0.75	0.79	(0.75)
Other items such as guarantees, loan	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
AS 109 but not covered under current Income	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal (B)		1.89	0.20	1.69	0.90	(0.70)
	Stage 1	34.41	0.07	34.34	0.14	(0.06)
Total (A+B)	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
Total (II. D)	Stage 3	1.89	0.20	1.69	0.79	(0.70)
	Total	36.30	0.27	36.03	0.92	(0.76)

Asset Classification as per RBI norms for the year ended 31 March 2023

Asset classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying Amount as per Ind AS (*)	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109	Net Carrying Amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms
(B)	(C)	(D)	(E=C-D)	(F)	(G=D-F)
				•	
Stage 1 Stage 2	49.78 -	0.07	<del>4</del> 9.71	0.36	(0.30)
<u>.</u>	49.78	0.07	49.71	0.36	(0.30)
Stage 3 Stage 3 Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3	0.83 0.04 - -	0.17 0.04 - -	0.66 - - - -	- 0.04 - -	0.17 - - -
	0.86	0.20	0.66	0.04	0.17
Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3	49.78 - 0.86	0.07 - 0.20	49.71 - 0.66	0.36 - 0.04	(0.30) - 0.17 (0.14)
	classification as per Ind AS 109  (B)  Stage 1  Stage 2  Stage 3  Stage 3  Stage 3  Stage 3  Stage 3  Stage 1  Stage 2  Stage 2	classification as per Ind AS 109         Amount as per Ind AS (*)           (B)         (C)           Stage 1         49.78           Stage 2         -           49.78           Stage 3         0.04           Stage 1         -           Stage 2         -           Stage 3         0.04           Stage 1         -           Stage 3         -           8         0.86           Stage 1         49.78           Stage 2         -           Stage 3         0.86	Asset classification as per Ind AS 109	Asset classification as per Ind AS 109	Asset classification as per Ind AS 109

<sup>(\*)</sup> Gross carring amount as per IndAS represents gross carring amount including accrued interest and after netting off unamortised loan processing fees.





### Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ crores, unless otherwise stated)

### Note 35: Disclosures given pursuant to Appendix VI-A of Annexure VI of the Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023

(i) Funding Concentration based on significant counterparty on borrowings	As at 31 March 2024	
Number of significant counterparties	3	4
Amount of borrowed funds from significant counterparties	21.59	43.23
Percentage of total deposits	Not applicable	Not applicable
Percentage of total liabilities	36.62° o	75.58%

### Notes

- i) A "Significant counterparty" is defined as a single counterparty or group of connected or affiliated counterparties accounting in aggregate for more than 1% of the NBFC-ND-ML's, NBFC-Ds total liabilities and 10% of or other non-deposit taking NBFCs.
- ii) Total Liabilities has been computed as Total Assets less Equity share capital less Reserve & Surplus and computed on the basis of extant regulatory ALM guidelines.

### (ii) Top 20 large deposits - Not applicable

### (iii) Top 10 borrowings -

	(11) 10) 10 0010 11116		
		As at	As at
	Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Amount of borrowed funds from top ten significant counterparties (*)	21.59	43.23
	% of total borrowings (#)	100.00° a	100.00%

### Note:

- (\*) Accrued interest on borrowings have not been considered
- (#) Total borrowing has been computed as gross total debt basis extant regulatory ALM guidelines.

### (iv) Funding Concentration based on significant instrument / product

Name of the instrument/product	As on 31 March 2024		As on 31 March 2023	
	Amount (**)	% of total liabilities	Amount (**)	% of total liabilities
Debt securities	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	21.59	36.62° o	43.23	75.58%
Other Financial Liablities	0.31	U.53%	0.22	0.38° o

### Note:

- (i) A "significant instrument/product" is defined as a single instrument/product of group of similar instruments/products which in aggregate amount to more than 1% of the NBFC-NDSI's, NBFC-Ds total liabilities and 10% for other non-deposit taking NBFCs.
- (ii) Total Liabilities has been computed as Total Assets less Equity share capital less Reserve & Surplus and computed on the basis of extant regulatory ALM guidelines.
- (\*\*) Figures are based on gross borrowing outstanding and does not includes accrued interest and other Ind AS adjustments.

(V) Stock ratios in percentage	As at 31 March 2024	
1. Commercial papers as a % of total liabilities	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
2. Commercial papers as a % of total assets	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
3. Commercial papers as a <sup>0</sup> of public fund	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
4. Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
5. Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
6. Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
7. Other short-term liabilities as a % of total liabilities	37.16%	75.96° o
8. Other short-term liabilities as a % of total assets	7.20%	20.17° o
9. Other short-term liabilities as a % of public fund	101.46%	100.50%

31 March 2024

31 March 2023

### (vi) Liquidity Coverage Ratio

931.88%

223.25%

### (vii) Institutional set-up for Liquidity Risk Management

The Board of Directors of the Company has an overall responsibility and oversight for the management of all the risks, including liquidity risk, to which the Company is exposed to in the course of conducting its business. The Board approves the governance structure, policies, strategy and the risk limits for the management of liquidity risk. The Board of Directors approves the constitution of the Risk Management Committee (RMC) for the effective supervision, evaluation, monitoring and review of various aspects and types of risks, including liquidity risk, faced by the Company. The meetings of RMC are held at quarterly interval. Further, the Board of Directors also approves constitution of Asset Liability Committee (ALCO), which functions as the strategic decision-making body for the asset-liability management of the Company from risk-return perspective and within the risk appetite and guard-mils approved by the Board. The main objective of ALCO is to assist the Board and RMC in effective discharge of the responsibilities of asset liability management, market risk management, liquidity and interest rate risk management and also to ensure adherence to risk tolerance/limits set up by the Board. ALCO provides guidance and directions in terms of interest rate, liquidity, funding sources, and investment of surplus funds. ALCO meetings are held once in a Quarter or more frequently as warranted from time to time. The minutes of ALCO meetings are placed before the RMC and the Board of Directors in its next meeting for its perusal/approval/artification.





### Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ crores, unless otherwise stated)

### 37 Other Regulatory Information:

- (i) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- (ii) The Company does not have any transactions with struck off Companies.
- (iii) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layer
- (iv) The Company has not advanced or given loan or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understa
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (v) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (vi) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961
- (vii) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- (viii) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- (ix) There are no charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.





Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ crores, unless otherwise stated)

### 38 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) of the Company. The CODM is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments of the Company. The Company is in a single business segment (primary segment) of giving loans and making investments. The entire revenues are billable within India and there is only one geographical segment (secondary segment).

39 The financial statements are approved for issue by the Board of Directors in its meeting held on 13th May 2024

For B.Chhawchharia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Reg. No. :305/23E

Kshipiz Chhawchharia

Partner

Membership No. 061087

Place: Kolkata Date: 13th May 2024

UDIN: 2406108BKFPTD2928

Pradip Kumar Ojha

Company Secretary Place: Kolkata For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Sbree Krishna Agency Limited

Lakshmi Niwas Bangur

Managing Director (DIN: 00012617)

Place: Kolkata

R.C.Sharma

Director (DIN: 00225947)

Place: Didwana

Vilsonh Rud Vikash Rathi

Chief Financial Officer Place: Kolkata S.P.Pasari

Director (DIN: 01190244)

Place: Didwana





Schedule to the Balance Sheet of Non-Deposit taking, Non-Banking Financial Company as at 31 March 2024
[As required in terms of Annex VIII of Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023

		(₹ in Crores	5)
1		Amount	Amou
LIABILITIES SIDE:		Outstanding	Overdi
Loans and Advance availed by the NBF	Cs inclusive of		
interest accrued thereon but not paid:			
(a) Debentures	Secured	-	
	Unsecured	-	
1	deposits*)	-	
(b) Deferred Credits		-	
(c) Terms Loans		-	
(d) Inter-Corporate Loans and Borrowin	ngs	21.59	
(e) Commercial Paper		-	
(t) Public Deposits (*)		-	
(g) Other Loans (Short-term borrowing	¢)	-	
(*) Please see note 1 below			
Break up of (1)(f) above (Outstanding p	ablic deposits inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid):		
(a) In the form of Unsecured Debenture	rs		
(b) In the form of partly se	ecured debentures i.e. debentures where there is a shortfall in the value of security		
(c) Other public deposits		1	
(*) Please see note 1 below			
ASSETS SIDE		Amount Outsta	ndina
Break-Up Loans and Advances includin	g Bills Receivable	Amount Outsta	numg
(Other than those included (4) below):			
(a) Secured			
(b) Unsecured			36.3
Break-Up of leased Assets and Stock on	Hire and Others Assers		30.3
Counting towards AFC activities.			
(i) Lease Assets including Lease Re	ntals under Sundry Debtors	-	
,	(a) Financial Lease		
	(b) Operating Lease		
(ii) Stock on Hire including Hire Ch			
, ,	(a) Assets on Hire		
	(b) Repossessed Assets		
(iii) Others Loans counting towards .			
	(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed		
	(b) Loans other than (a) above		
	(v) Down office that (a) above		





Schedule to the Balance Sheet of Non-Deposit taking, Non-Banking Financial Company as at 31 March 2024
[As required in terms of Paragraph 19 of Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important: Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank)

Directions, 2016.]

				Amount (₹ in crores)
Break-up of Investments:				(, = 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
Current Investments				
1. Quoted:				
(i) Shares	(a) Equity			
	(b) Preference			
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	* /			
(iii) Units of Mutual Funds				
(iv) Government Securities				
(v) Others (Please specify)				
2. Unquoted :				
(i) Shares	(a) Equity			
(i) Shares	(b) Preference			
(i) Debenerated Benda	(D) Preference			
(ii) Debentures and Bonds				
(iii) Units of Mutual Funds				
(iv) Government Securities				
(v) Others (Deemed investments)				
Long Term Investments				
1. Quoted :				
(i) Shares	(a) Equity			11.
	(b) Preference			-
(ii) Debentures and Bonds				-
(iii) Units of Mutual Funds				5.
(iv) Government Securities				
(v) Others (Please specify)				
2. Unquoted :				
(i) Shares	(a) Equity			199.0
(y s-im-te	(b) Preference			31.
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	(5)		i	J
(iii) Units of Mutual Funds			i	
(iv) Government Securities				
(v) Others (Deemed Investment)				0.
Borrower group-wise classification of all assets' Fina	anced as in (3) and (4) above.			
(Please see note 2 below)				
	Category	Amount net of provisions		ıs
	Category (in ₹ Crores)			
1. Related Parties		Secured	Unsecured	Total
	(a) Subsidiaries			-
	(b) Companies in the same group		- 27.20	27.:
	(c) Other related parties			
2. Other than related parties			- 8.83	8.8
		Total	- 36.03	36.





Schedule to the Balance Sheet of Non-Deposit taking, Non-Banking Financial Company as at 31 March 2024

[As required in terms of Paragraph 19 of Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank)

Directions, 2016.]

7 Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted) (Please see note 3 below)

ı			
L	(in ₹ Crores)		
Γ			Book Value (Net of
	Category	Market	Provisions)
	Category	value/Break-up or	
	1	fair value or NAV	
Γ	1. Related Parties		
l	(a) Subsidiaries	9.41	9.05
	(b) Companies in the same group	240.16	228.77
l	(c) Other related parties	-	-
l	2. Other than related parties	9.84	9.84
L		259.41	247.67
8	Other Information		
Г	Particulars		(₹ in lacs)

L	Other Information		
	Particulars	(₹ in lacs)	
Γ	(i) Gross Non-Performing Assets :	•	
	(a) Related Parties	Nil	
	(b) Other than related parties	1.89	
	(ii) Net Non-Performing Assets:		
	(a) Related Parties	Nil	
	(b) Other than related parties	0.99	
	(iii) Acquired in satisfaction Debt	-	

Notes:

1.As defined in paragraph 5.1.26 of the Directions.

2. Provisioning norms shall be applicable as prescribed in these Directions.

3. All notified Accounting Standards and Guidance Notes issued by ICAI are applicable including for valuation of investments and other assets as also assets acquired in satisfaction of debt. However, market value in respect of quoted investments and break up/ fair value/ NAV in respect of unquoted investments shall be disclosed irrespective of whether they are classified as long term (amortised cost in the case of Ind AS) or current (fair value in the case of Ind AS) in (5) above.



